
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2008

Commission File No. 000-19424

EZCORP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

74-2540145

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**1901 Capital Parkway
Austin, Texas 78746**

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number: **(512) 314-3400**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer" and "large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

The only class of voting securities of the registrant issued and outstanding is the Class B Voting Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, all of which is owned by one record holder who is an affiliate of the registrant. There is no trading market for the Class B Voting Common Stock.

As of March 31, 2008, 38,427,776 shares of the registrant's Class A Non-voting Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share and 2,970,171 shares of the registrant's Class B Voting Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share were outstanding.

EZCORP, INC.
INDEX TO FORM 10-Q

	<u>Page</u>
PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
<i>Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)</i>	
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2008, March 31, 2007 and September 30, 2007	1
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three Months and Six Months Ended March 31, 2008 and 2007	2
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended March 31, 2008 and 2007	3
Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	4
<i>Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</i>	14
<i>Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.</i>	31
<i>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</i>	32
PART II. OTHER INFORMATION	
<i>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</i>	33
<i>Item 1A. Risk Factors</i>	33
<i>Item 6. Exhibits</i>	33
SIGNATURE	34
EXHIBIT INDEX	35
CERTIFICATIONS	

PART I

Item 1. Financial Statements

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

	March 31, 2008 <i>(Unaudited)</i>	March 31, 2007 <i>(Unaudited)</i>	September 30, 2007
	<i>(In thousands)</i>		
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,551	\$ 61,605	\$ 22,533
Pawn loans	56,701	43,109	60,742
Payday loans, net	5,290	3,314	4,814
Pawn service charges receivable, net	8,983	6,986	10,113
Signature loan fees receivable, net	4,781	4,334	5,992
Inventory, net	35,999	28,649	37,942
Deferred tax asset, net	9,006	7,150	8,964
Prepaid expenses and other assets	<u>7,281</u>	<u>5,373</u>	<u>6,146</u>
Total current assets	163,592	160,520	157,246
Investment in unconsolidated affiliate	36,904	20,955	35,746
Property and equipment, net	38,413	30,967	33,806
Deferred tax asset, non-current	5,346	4,249	4,765
Goodwill	24,422	768	16,211
Other assets, net	<u>5,350</u>	<u>2,952</u>	<u>3,412</u>
Total assets	\$ 274,027	\$ 220,411	\$ 251,186
	=====	=====	=====
Liabilities and stockholders' equity:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other accrued expenses	\$ 22,202	\$ 18,594	\$ 25,592
Customer layaway deposits	2,456	2,168	1,988
Federal income taxes payable	<u>2,363</u>	<u>1,104</u>	<u>4,795</u>
Total current liabilities	27,021	21,866	32,375
Deferred gains and other long-term liabilities	3,003	3,067	2,886
Commitments and contingencies			
Stockholders' equity:			
Preferred Stock, par value \$.01 per share; 5 million shares authorized; none issued and outstanding	-	-	-
Class A Non-voting Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share; 50 million shares authorized; 38,454,875 issued and 38,427,776 outstanding at March 31, 2008; 38,304,741 issued and 38,277,642 outstanding at March 31, 2007; 38,363,176 issued and 38,336,077 outstanding at September 30, 2007	384	383	383
Class B Voting Common Stock, convertible, par value \$.01 per share; 3 million shares authorized; 2,970,171 issued and outstanding	30	30	30
Additional paid-in capital	133,430	128,916	131,098
Cumulative effect of adopting a new accounting principle	(106)	-	-
Retained earnings	<u>107,418</u>	<u>63,930</u>	<u>81,847</u>
	241,156	193,259	213,358
Treasury stock, at cost (27,099 shares)	(35)	(35)	(35)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	<u>2,882</u>	<u>2,254</u>	<u>2,602</u>
Total stockholders' equity	244,003	195,478	215,925
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 274,027	\$ 220,411	\$ 251,186
	=====	=====	=====

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited).

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	March 31,		March 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
<i>(In thousands, except per share amounts)</i>				
Revenues:				
Sales	\$ 61,330	\$ 50,032	\$ 116,837	\$ 99,012
Pawn service charges	21,785	16,556	44,693	34,518
Signature loan fees	30,166	22,713	63,694	47,108
Other	<u>344</u>	<u>342</u>	<u>707</u>	<u>692</u>
Total revenues	113,625	89,643	225,931	181,330
Cost of goods sold	<u>36,731</u>	<u>30,374</u>	<u>70,272</u>	<u>60,197</u>
Net revenues	76,894	59,269	155,659	121,133
Operating expenses:				
Operations	37,521	31,104	74,592	62,492
Signature loan bad debt	6,632	2,916	16,302	8,944
Administrative	9,829	7,968	19,734	15,495
Depreciation and amortization	<u>3,119</u>	<u>2,401</u>	<u>5,946</u>	<u>4,699</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>57,101</u>	<u>44,389</u>	<u>116,574</u>	<u>91,630</u>
Operating income	19,793	14,880	39,085	29,503
Interest income	(137)	(567)	(194)	(881)
Interest expense	75	83	156	147
Equity in net income of unconsolidated affiliate	(1,118)	(820)	(2,165)	(1,465)
Loss on sale / disposal of assets	<u>81</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>243</u>	<u>24</u>
Income before income taxes	20,892	16,184	41,045	31,678
Income tax expense	<u>7,876</u>	<u>5,988</u>	<u>15,474</u>	<u>11,721</u>
Net income	\$ <u>13,016</u>	\$ <u>10,196</u>	\$ <u>25,571</u>	\$ <u>19,957</u>
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Net income per common share:				
Basic	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.62	\$ 0.49
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Diluted	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.46
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	41,382	41,002	41,360	40,773
Diluted	43,228	43,445	43,241	43,347

See Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited).

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007
	<i>(In thousands)</i>	
Operating Activities:		
Net income	\$ 25,571	\$ 19,957
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	5,946	4,699
Payday loan loss provision	3,612	1,338
Deferred taxes	(583)	(500)
Net loss on sale or disposal of assets	243	24
Share-based compensation	1,924	1,664
Income from investment in unconsolidated affiliate	(2,165)	(1,465)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of business acquisitions:		
Service charges and fees receivable, net	2,568	1,294
Inventory, net	618	1,053
Prepaid expenses, other current assets, and other assets, net	(1,214)	(1,519)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(3,392)	(3,999)
Customer layaway deposits	403	278
Deferred gains and other long-term liabilities	84	(182)
Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation	(261)	(824)
Federal income taxes	<u>(2,277)</u>	<u>2,534</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	31,077	24,352
Investing Activities:		
Pawn loans made	(117,641)	(92,358)
Pawn loans repaid	70,063	55,464
Recovery of pawn loan principal through sale of forfeited collateral	57,160	50,003
Payday loans made	(36,304)	(19,110)
Payday loans repaid	32,216	16,903
Additions to property and equipment	(9,625)	(6,248)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(15,439)	-
Dividends from unconsolidated affiliate	<u>1,103</u>	<u>826</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(18,467)	5,480
Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and warrants	147	1,293
Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation	261	824
Debt issuance costs	<u>-</u>	<u>(283)</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>408</u>	<u>1,834</u>
Change in cash and equivalents	13,018	31,666
Cash and equivalents at beginning of period	<u>22,533</u>	<u>29,939</u>
Cash and equivalents at end of period	\$ <u>35,551</u>	\$ <u>61,605</u>
	=====	=====
Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities:		
Pawn loans forfeited and transferred to inventory	\$ 54,880	\$ 44,089
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$ (280)	\$ (1,029)
Cumulative effect of adopting a new accounting principle	\$ 106	\$ -

See Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited).

EZCORP, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
March 31, 2008

Note A: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. Management has included all adjustments it considers necessary for a fair presentation. These adjustments are of a normal, recurring nature except for those related to an acquired business (described in Note C) and the adoption of a new accounting principle for uncertain tax positions (described in Note K). The accompanying financial statements should be read with the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2007. The balance sheet at September 30, 2007 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. Certain prior period balances have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

Our business is subject to seasonal variations, and operating results for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 2008 (the “current quarter” and “current year-to-date period”) are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the full fiscal year.

Note B: Significant Accounting Policies

CONSOLIDATION: The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of EZCORP, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. We account for our interest in Albemarle & Bond Holdings, plc using the equity method.

PAWN LOAN AND SALES REVENUE RECOGNITION: We record pawn service charges using the interest method for all pawn loans we believe to be collectible. We base our estimate of collectible loans on several factors, including recent redemption rates, historical trends in redemption rates and the amount of loans due in the following two to three months. Unexpected variations in any of these factors could change our estimate of collectible loans, affecting our earnings and financial condition. If a pawn loan is not repaid, we value the forfeited collateral (inventory) at the lower of cost (pawn loan principal) or market (net realizable value) of the property. We record sales revenue and the related cost when this inventory is sold.

CREDIT SERVICE REVENUE RECOGNITION: We earn credit service fees when we assist customers in obtaining a loan from unaffiliated lenders. We initially defer recognition of the fees we expect to collect, net of direct expenses, and recognize that deferred net amount over the life of the related loans. We reserve the percentage of credit service fees we expect not to collect. Accrued fees related to defaulted loans reduce credit service fee revenue upon loan default, and increase credit service fee revenue upon collection. Credit service revenue is included in “Signature loan fees” on our statements of operations.

CREDIT SERVICE BAD DEBT: We issue letters of credit to enhance the creditworthiness of our credit service customers seeking loans from unaffiliated lenders. The letters of credit assure the lenders that if borrowers default on the loans, we will pay the lenders, upon demand, the principal and accrued interest owed it by the borrowers plus any insufficient funds fee. Although amounts paid under letters of credit may be collected later, we charge those amounts to signature loan bad debt upon default. We record recoveries under the letters of credit as a reduction of bad debt at the time of collection. After attempting collection of bad debts internally, we occasionally sell them to an unaffiliated company as another method of recovery. We account for the sale of defaulted accounts in the same manner as internal collections of defaulted accounts.

The majority of our credit service customers obtain short-term loans with a single maturity date. These short-term loans, with maturity dates averaging about 18 days, are considered defaulted if they have not been repaid or renewed by the maturity date. Other credit service customers obtain installment loans with a series of payments due over as

much as a five-month period. If one payment of an installment loan is delinquent, that one payment is considered defaulted. If more than one installment payment is delinquent at any time, the entire loan is considered defaulted.

CREDIT SERVICE ALLOWANCE FOR LOSSES: We also provide an allowance for losses we expect to incur under letters of credit for loans that have not yet matured. The allowance is based on recent loan default experience adjusted for seasonal variations. It includes all amounts we expect to pay to the unaffiliated lenders upon loan default, including loan principal, accrued interest, and insufficient funds fees, net of the amounts we expect to collect from borrowers (“Expected LOC Losses”). Changes in the allowance are charged to signature loan bad debt expense. We include the balance of Expected LOC Losses in “Accounts payable and other accrued expenses” on our balance sheet. At March 31, 2008, the allowance for Expected LOC Losses was \$1.2 million. At that date, our maximum exposure for losses on letters of credit, if all brokered loans defaulted and none was collected, was \$21.4 million. This amount includes principal, interest, and insufficient funds fees. Based on the expected loss and collection percentages, we also provide an allowance for the credit service fees we expect not to collect, and charge changes in this allowance to signature loan fee revenue.

PAYDAY LOAN REVENUE RECOGNITION: We accrue fees on the percentage of payday loans we believe to be collectible. Accrued fees related to defaulted loans reduce fee revenue upon loan default, and increase fee revenue upon collection. Payday loan fee revenue is included in “Signature loan fees” on our statements of operations. Loan terms are generally less than 30 days, averaging about 18 days.

PAYDAY LOAN BAD DEBT: We consider a loan defaulted if it has not been repaid or renewed by the maturity date. Although defaulted loans may be collected later, we charge the loan principal to signature loan bad debt upon default, leaving only active loans in the reported balance. We record collections of principal as a reduction of signature loan bad debt when collected. After attempting collection of bad debts internally, we occasionally sell them to an unaffiliated company as another method of recovery. We account for the sale of defaulted accounts in the same manner as internal collections of defaulted accounts.

PAYDAY LOAN ALLOWANCE FOR LOSSES: We also provide an allowance for losses on payday loans that have not yet matured and related fees receivable, based on recent loan default experience adjusted for seasonal variations. We charge any changes in the principal valuation allowance to signature loan bad debt. We record changes in the fee receivable valuation allowance to signature loan fee revenue.

INVENTORY: If a pawn loan is not redeemed, we record the forfeited collateral at cost. We do not record loan loss allowances or charge-offs on the principal portion of pawn loans, as they are fully collateralized. In order to state inventory at the lower of cost (specific identification) or market (net realizable value), we record an allowance for shrinkage and excess, obsolete, or slow-moving inventory. The allowance is based on the type and age of merchandise and recent sales trends and margins. At March 31, 2008, the inventory valuation allowance was \$4.7 million, or 11.6% of gross inventory. We record changes in the inventory valuation allowance as cost of goods sold.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS: Goodwill and other intangible assets having indefinite lives are not subject to amortization. They are tested for impairment each July 1st, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. We recognized no impairment of our intangible assets in the current or prior year-to-date periods. We amortize intangible assets with definite lives over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT: Property and equipment is shown net of accumulated depreciation of \$89.8 million at March 31, 2008.

VALUATION OF TANGIBLE LONG-LIVED ASSETS: We assess the impairment of tangible long-lived assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the net recorded amount may not be recoverable. The following factors could trigger an impairment review: significant underperformance relative to historical or projected future cash flows; significant changes in the manner of use of the assets or the strategy for the overall business; or significant negative industry trends. When we determine that the net recorded amount of tangible long-lived assets may not be recoverable, we measure impairment based on the excess of the assets’ net recorded amount over the estimated fair value. No impairment of tangible long-lived assets was recognized in the current or prior year-to-date periods.

INCOME TAXES: We calculate the provision for federal income taxes based on our estimate of the effective tax rate for the full fiscal year. As part of the process of preparing the financial statements, we estimate income taxes in each jurisdiction in which we operate. This involves estimating the actual current tax liability and assessing temporary differences in recognition of income for tax and accounting purposes. These differences result in deferred tax assets and liabilities that we include in our balance sheet. We must then assess the likelihood that the deferred tax assets will be recovered from future taxable income. If we determined we would not be able to realize all or part of our net deferred tax assets in the future, an increase to the valuation allowance would be charged to the income tax provision in that period. Likewise, if we determined we would be able to realize our deferred tax assets in the future in excess of the net recorded amount, a decrease to the valuation allowance would decrease the tax provision in that period. We assess the need for a deferred tax asset valuation allowance quarterly. Our valuation allowance was unchanged from the prior year-to-date period at \$0.4 million at March 31, 2008.

Effective October 1, 2007, we adopted Financial Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" ("FIN 48"). See Note K for further discussion and related disclosures.

SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION: We account for share-based compensation in accordance with the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123(R), "Share-based Payment." We estimate the grant-date fair value of options using the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model and amortize that fair value to compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the options' vesting periods.

SEGMENTS: We account for our operations in accordance with SFAS No. 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information." We manage our business operations and internal reporting as three reportable segments. Prior to October 1, 2007, we had two reportable segments. Effective October 1, 2007, we reorganized as three reportable segments. See Note L for further discussion and separate data for each segment.

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS: In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements." Among other requirements, SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about the use of fair value to measure assets and liabilities. We must adopt SFAS No. 157 in our fiscal year ending September 30, 2009. We are currently evaluating the impact, if any, of SFAS No. 157 on our financial position and results of operations. It will not impact our cash flows.

Note C: Acquisitions

On October 22, 2007, we completed the acquisition of twenty Mexico pawnshops from MMFS Intl., S.A. de C.V, a subsidiary of Mister Money Holdings, Inc. for \$15.4 million cash and direct transaction costs. The estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed are preliminary, and may be refined within a year of the acquisition. The initial valuation of \$15.3 million increased to \$15.4 million in the current quarter due to additional professional fees related to the acquisition. The increase was recorded as an increase to goodwill. In the current quarter, we also refined our estimated fair value of the non-compete agreement, which increased the non-compete agreement by \$0.4 million, and decreased goodwill by an offsetting amount.

The purchase price is preliminarily allocated as follows, including the adjustments discussed above (*in thousands*):

Current assets:	
Pawn loans	\$ 3,230
Pawn service charges receivable, net	224
Inventory, net	940
Deferred tax asset	41
Prepaid expenses and other assets	<u>40</u>
Total current assets	4,475
Property and equipment	800
Non-compete agreement	2,000
Goodwill	8,128
Other assets, net	<u>131</u>
Total assets	\$ 15,534
Liabilities:	
Accrued liabilities	\$ (30)
Customer deposits	<u>(65)</u>
Total liabilities	<u>(95)</u>
Net assets acquired	\$ 15,439
	=====

The results of the acquired stores have been consolidated with our results since their acquisition. Pro forma results of operations have not been presented because the acquisition was not material in relation to our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

On March 17, 2008, we announced our agreement to acquire up to 100%, but not less than 70%, of the equity ownership of Value Financial Services, Inc., a pawn store chain based in Florida, for approximately \$100 million, subject to our due diligence review. On April 28, 2008, we amended the agreement to extend the due diligence period to May 13, 2008 and the expected closing date to June 26, 2008, among other related changes.

Note D: Earnings Per Share

We compute basic earnings per share on the basis of the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. We compute diluted earnings per share on the basis of the weighted average number of shares of common stock plus the effect of dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period using the treasury stock method. Dilutive potential common shares include outstanding stock options, warrants and restricted stock awards.

Components of basic and diluted earnings per share are as follows (*in thousands, except per share amounts*):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	<u>March 31,</u>		<u>March 31,</u>	
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Net income (A)	\$ 13,016	\$ 10,196	\$ 25,571	\$ 19,957
Weighted average outstanding shares of common stock (B)	41,382	41,002	41,360	40,773
Dilutive effect of stock options, warrants, and restricted stock	<u>1,846</u>	<u>2,443</u>	<u>1,881</u>	<u>2,574</u>
Weighted average common stock and common stock equivalents (C)	43,228	43,445	43,241	43,347
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Basic earnings per share (A/B)	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.62	\$ 0.49
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Diluted earnings per share (A/C)	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.59	\$ 0.46
	=====	=====	=====	=====

Anti-dilutive options, warrants and restricted stock grants have been excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share because the assumed proceeds upon exercise, as defined by SFAS No. 123(R), were greater than the cost to re-acquire the same number of shares at the average market price, and therefore the effect would be anti-dilutive.

Note E: Investment in Unconsolidated Affiliate

At March 31, 2008, we owned 16,298,875 common shares of Albemarle & Bond Holdings, plc ("A&B"), or approximately 29.95% of A&B's total outstanding shares. The investment is accounted for using the equity method. Since A&B's fiscal year ends three months prior to ours, we report the income from this investment on a three-month lag. A&B files interim and annual financial reports for its fiscal periods ending December 31 and June 30. The income reported for our current year-to-date period ended March 31, 2008 represents our percentage interest in the results of A&B's operations from July 1, 2007 to December 31, 2007, including the results of 26 stores A&B acquired from a competitor on July 12, 2007.

On July 1, 2007, A&B discontinued use of U.K. GAAP and adopted International Financial Reporting Standards, or IFRS. The prior year figures shown below are restated on IFRS for comparability to the current year presentation. Below is summarized financial information for A&B's most recently reported results (*using average exchange rates for the periods indicated*):

	<u>Six Months Ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>	
Turnover (gross revenues)	\$ 50,660	\$ 32,669
Gross profit	36,574	23,447
Profit after tax (net income)	7,230	5,239

Note F: Contingencies

Currently and from time to time, we are defendants in legal and regulatory actions. While we cannot determine the ultimate outcome of these actions, after consultation with counsel, we believe their resolution will not have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or liquidity. However, we cannot give any assurance as to their ultimate outcome.

In May 2007, the State of Texas filed suit against EZCORP, Inc. and our Texas affiliates in state district court in Bexar County alleging violations of the Texas Identity Theft statute, Deceptive Trade Practices Act, and a provision of the Business and Commerce Code by allegedly failing to safeguard and properly dispose of customers' sensitive personal information. In late May 2007, we voluntarily entered into an Agreed Temporary Injunction regarding the safeguarding and disposal of the information. We have reviewed and enhanced our information security polices to address the State's concerns. We are currently in discussions with the State to reach an amicable resolution of this matter, but can give no assurance that an amicable resolution will be reached prior to the October 20, 2008 scheduled jury trial date.

The Florida Office of Financial Regulation has filed an administrative action against us alleging that our Florida credit service organization business model used in eleven stores adjoining EZPAWN locations violates state usury law. On March 25, 2008, an administrative law judge issued a Recommended Order finding against us and recommending that the Florida Office of Financial Regulation issue a cease and desist order against our ongoing credit services operations in Florida. We expect the Florida Office of Financial Regulation to issue a final order in this matter by May 31, 2008. We intend to appeal any decision and have filed a Motion for Stay Pending Appeal with the Florida Office of Financial Regulation. No ruling on the Motion for Stay has been issued. We cannot give any assurance as to the ultimate outcome of this matter.

Note G: Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income includes net income and other revenues, expenses, gains and losses that are excluded from net income but are included as a component of total stockholders' equity. Comprehensive income for the current quarter and current year-to-date periods ended March 31, 2008 was \$12.9 million and \$25.9 million. For the comparable 2007 periods, comprehensive income was \$10.8 million and \$21.0 million, respectively. The difference between comprehensive income and net income results primarily from the effect of foreign currency translation adjustments determined in accordance with SFAS No. 52, "Foreign Currency Translation." At March 31, 2008, the accumulated balance of foreign currency activity excluded from net income was \$4.4 million, net of tax of \$1.5 million. The net \$2.9 million is presented as "Accumulated other comprehensive income" in the current quarter balance sheet.

Note H: Long-term Debt

While we had no debt at March 31, 2008 and 2007, we have a \$40.0 million revolving credit facility secured by our assets, which matures October 1, 2009. For any borrowed funds, we may choose a Eurodollar rate plus 100 to 200 basis points (depending on the leverage ratio) or the agent bank's base rate. On the unused amount of the revolving facility, we pay a commitment fee of 25 to 30 basis points depending on the leverage ratio calculated at the end of each quarter. Terms of the agreement require, among other things, that we meet certain financial covenants. We were in compliance with all covenants at March 31, 2008. Payment of dividends and additional debt are allowed but restricted.

Note I: Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The following table presents the balance of each major class of indefinite-lived intangible asset at the specified dates:

	<u>March 31, 2008</u>	<u>March 31, 2007</u>	<u>September 30, 2007</u>
		<i>(In thousands)</i>	
Pawn licenses	\$ 1,549	\$ 1,549	\$ 1,549
Goodwill	<u>24,422</u>	<u>768</u>	<u>16,211</u>
Total	<u>\$ 25,971</u>	<u>\$ 2,317</u>	<u>\$ 17,760</u>

The following table presents the gross carrying amount and accumulated amortization for each major class of definite-lived intangible asset at the specified dates:

	<u>March 31, 2008</u>		<u>March 31, 2007</u>		<u>September 30, 2007</u>	
	<u>Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Accumulated Amortization</u>	<u>Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Accumulated Amortization</u>	<u>Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Accumulated Amortization</u>
			<i>(In thousands)</i>			
License application fees	\$ 345	\$ (304)	\$ 345	\$ (273)	\$ 345	\$ (288)
Real estate finders' fees	556	(336)	556	(319)	556	(327)
Non-compete agreements	<u>2,917</u>	<u>(569)</u>	<u>398</u>	<u>(288)</u>	<u>898</u>	<u>(324)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,818</u>	<u>\$ (1,209)</u>	<u>\$ 1,299</u>	<u>\$ (880)</u>	<u>\$ 1,799</u>	<u>\$ (939)</u>

Total amortization expense from definite-lived intangible assets for the current quarter and year-to-date periods ended March 31, 2008 was approximately \$152,000 and \$268,000. For the comparable 2007 periods, amortization expense was approximately \$17,000 and \$35,000. The following table presents our estimate of amortization expense for definite-lived intangible assets for each of the five succeeding fiscal years as of October 1, 2007 (*in thousands*):

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Amortization Expense</u>
2008	\$ 555
2009	\$ 563
2010	\$ 548
2011	\$ 541
2012	\$ 509
Thereafter	\$ 162

As acquisitions and dispositions occur in the future, amortization expense may vary from these estimates.

Note J: Common Stock, Warrants, Options, and Share-based Compensation

Our income includes the following share-based compensation expense, determined in accordance with the fair value provisions of SFAS No. 123(R):

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Gross compensation cost	\$ 1,068	\$ 914	\$ 1,924	\$ 1,664
Income tax benefit	<u>(331)</u>	<u>(315)</u>	<u>(599)</u>	<u>(535)</u>
Share-based compensation cost, net of tax benefit	\$ 737	\$ 599	\$ 1,325	\$ 1,129
	=====	=====	=====	=====

Stock option and warrant exercises resulted in the issuance of 55,166 shares of Class A Non-voting Common Stock in the current quarter for total proceeds of \$64,000. For the current year-to-date period, 91,699 shares of Common Stock were issued for total proceeds of \$147,000.

Note K: Adoption of a New Accounting Principle for Income Taxes

Effective October 1, 2007, we adopted Financial Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" ("FIN 48"). To be recognized in the financial statements, FIN 48 requires that a tax position is more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination, based on the technical merits of the position. In making the determination of sustainability, we must presume the appropriate taxing authority with full knowledge of all relevant information will examine tax positions. FIN 48 also prescribes how the benefit should be measured, including the consideration of any penalties and interest. It requires that the new standard be applied to the balances of tax assets and liabilities as of the beginning of the period of adoption and that a corresponding adjustment be made to the opening balance of equity. As a result of the adoption of FIN 48, we recognized a \$106,000 liability, including \$8,600 of penalties and interest, for unrecognized state income tax benefits net of federal taxes, and recorded this as a cumulative adjustment to our beginning equity at October 1, 2007. This balance has not been adjusted since adoption. We will record future changes in FIN 48 tax liabilities and related interest and penalties as federal income tax expense on our statement of operations and in federal income taxes payable on our balance sheet.

Below is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending unrecognized tax benefits for the current year-to-date period (*in thousands*):

Unrecognized tax benefits at September 30, 2007	\$ -
Addition upon initial adoption of FIN 48 October 1, 2007	106
Additions based on current year tax positions	-
Reductions based on settlements with taxing authorities	-
Reductions due to lapse in statute of limitations	<u>-</u>
Unrecognized tax benefits at March 31, 2008	\$ 106
	=====

We are subject to U.S. and Mexican income taxes as well as various other state and local jurisdictions. With few exceptions, we are no longer subject to examinations by tax authorities for years before the tax year ended September 30, 2003. The statutes of limitations related to our recorded liability expire between June 15, 2009 and June 15, 2011.

Note L: Operating Segment Information

We manage our business and internal reporting as three reportable segments with operating results reported separately for each segment. Prior to October 1, 2007, we had two reportable segments. Effective October 1, 2007, we broke our previously immaterial EZPAWN Mexico operations into a reportable segment separate from other pawn operations, and have restated prior year amounts on a comparable basis. The three reportable segments are:

- EZPAWN U.S. Operations: This segment offers pawn loans and related sales in our 294 U.S. EZPAWN stores and offers signature loans in six U.S. EZMONEY stores and 73 of our U.S. EZPAWN stores.
- EZPAWN Mexico Operations: This segment offers pawn loans and related sales in 26 pawn stores in Mexico.
- EZMONEY Operations: This segment operates only in the United States and offers signature loans in 456 of our EZMONEY stores.

There are no inter-segment revenues, and the amounts below were determined in accordance with the same accounting principles used in our consolidated financial statements. The following tables present operating segment information:

	<u>EZPAWN U.S. Operations</u>	<u>EZPAWN Mexico Operations</u>	<u>EZMONEY Operations</u>	<u>Consolidated</u>
		<i>(in thousands)</i>		
<u>Three Months Ended March 31, 2008:</u>				
Revenues:				
Sales	\$ 59,747	\$ 1,583	\$ -	\$ 61,330
Pawn service charges	20,720	1,065	-	21,785
Signature loan fees	672	-	29,494	30,166
Other	<u>341</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>344</u>
Total revenues	81,480	2,651	29,494	113,625
Cost of goods sold	<u>35,784</u>	<u>947</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>36,731</u>
Net revenues	45,696	1,704	29,494	76,894
Operating expenses:				
Operations expense	23,521	889	13,111	37,521
Signature loan bad debt	<u>167</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,465</u>	<u>6,632</u>
Total direct expenses	<u>23,688</u>	<u>889</u>	<u>19,576</u>	<u>44,153</u>
Store operating income	<u>\$ 22,008</u>	<u>\$ 815</u>	<u>\$ 9,918</u>	<u>\$ 32,741</u>
<u>Three Months Ended March 31, 2007:</u>				
Revenues:				
Sales	\$ 50,019	\$ 13	\$ -	\$ 50,032
Pawn service charges	16,548	8	-	16,556
Signature loan fees	792	-	21,921	22,713
Other	<u>342</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>342</u>
Total revenues	67,701	21	21,921	89,643
Cost of goods sold	<u>30,367</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>30,374</u>
Net revenues	37,334	14	21,921	59,269
Operating expenses:				
Operations expense	21,501	58	9,545	31,104
Signature loan bad debt	<u>148</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,768</u>	<u>2,916</u>
Total direct expenses	<u>21,649</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>12,313</u>	<u>34,020</u>
Store operating income	<u>\$ 15,685</u>	<u>\$ (44)</u>	<u>\$ 9,608</u>	<u>\$ 25,249</u>

	EZPAWN U.S. <u>Operations</u>	EZPAWN Mexico <u>Operations</u>	EZMONEY <u>Operations</u>	<u>Consolidated</u>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
<u>Six Months Ended March 31, 2008:</u>				
Revenues:				
Sales	\$ 113,948	\$ 2,889	\$ -	\$ 116,837
Pawn service charges	42,710	1,983	-	44,693
Signature loan fees	1,481	-	62,213	63,694
Other	<u>703</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>707</u>
Total revenues	158,842	4,876	62,213	225,931
Cost of goods sold	<u>68,552</u>	<u>1,720</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>70,272</u>
Net revenues	90,290	3,156	62,213	155,659
Operating expenses:				
Operations expense	47,029	1,721	25,842	74,592
Signature loan bad debt	<u>539</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>15,763</u>	<u>16,302</u>
Total direct expenses	<u>47,568</u>	<u>1,721</u>	<u>41,605</u>	<u>90,894</u>
Store operating income	<u>\$ 42,722</u>	<u>\$ 1,435</u>	<u>\$ 20,608</u>	<u>\$ 64,765</u>
<u>Six Months Ended March 31, 2007:</u>				
Revenues:				
Sales	\$ 98,998	\$ 14	\$ -	\$ 99,012
Pawn service charges	34,508	10	-	34,518
Signature loan fees	1,704	-	45,404	47,108
Other	<u>692</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>692</u>
Total revenues	135,902	24	45,404	181,330
Cost of goods sold	<u>60,188</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>60,197</u>
Net revenues	75,714	15	45,404	121,133
Operating expenses:				
Operations expense	43,166	120	19,206	62,492
Signature loan bad debt	<u>484</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,460</u>	<u>8,944</u>
Total direct expenses	<u>43,650</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>27,666</u>	<u>71,436</u>
Store operating income	<u>\$ 32,064</u>	<u>\$ (105)</u>	<u>\$ 17,738</u>	<u>\$ 49,697</u>

The following table reconciles store operating income, as shown above, to our consolidated income before income taxes:

	<u>Three Months Ended</u> <u>March 31,</u>		<u>Six Months Ended</u> <u>March 31,</u>	
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Consolidated store operating income	\$ 32,741	\$ 25,249	\$ 64,765	\$ 49,697
Administrative expenses	9,829	7,968	19,734	15,495
Depreciation and amortization	3,119	2,401	5,946	4,699
Interest income	(137)	(567)	(194)	(881)
Interest expense	75	83	156	147
Equity in net income of unconsolidated affiliate	(1,118)	(820)	(2,165)	(1,465)
Loss on sale / disposal of assets	<u>81</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>243</u>	<u>24</u>
Consolidated income before income taxes	<u>\$ 20,892</u>	<u>\$ 16,184</u>	<u>\$ 41,045</u>	<u>\$ 31,678</u>

The following table presents separately identified segment assets:

	EZPAWN U.S. <u>Operations</u>	EZPAWN Mexico <u>Operations</u>	EZMONEY <u>Operations</u>	<u>Consolidated</u>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
<u>Assets at March 31, 2008:</u>				
Pawn loans	\$ 53,243	\$ 3,458	\$ -	\$ 56,701
Payday loans, net	392	-	4,898	5,290
Inventory, net	<u>34,484</u>	<u>1,515</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>35,999</u>
Total separately identified recorded segment assets	\$ <u>88,119</u>	\$ <u>4,973</u>	\$ <u>4,898</u>	\$ <u>97,990</u>
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Brokered loans outstanding from unaffiliated lenders	\$ 339	\$ -	\$ 19,877	\$ 20,216
<u>Assets at March 31, 2007:</u>				
Pawn loans	\$ 43,074	\$ 35	\$ -	\$ 43,109
Payday loans, net	436	-	2,878	3,314
Inventory, net	<u>28,566</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>28,649</u>
Total separately identified recorded segment assets	\$ <u>72,076</u>	\$ <u>118</u>	\$ <u>2,878</u>	\$ <u>75,072</u>
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Brokered loans outstanding from unaffiliated lenders	\$ 411	\$ -	\$ 16,490	\$ 16,901
<u>Assets at September 30, 2007:</u>				
Pawn loans	\$ 60,602	\$ 140	\$ -	\$ 60,742
Payday loans, net	457	-	4,357	4,814
Inventory, net	<u>37,749</u>	<u>193</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>37,942</u>
Total separately identified recorded segment assets	\$ <u>98,808</u>	\$ <u>333</u>	\$ <u>4,357</u>	\$ <u>103,498</u>
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Brokered loans outstanding from unaffiliated lenders	\$ 477	\$ -	\$ 22,834	\$ 23,311

Brokered loans are not recorded as an asset on our balance sheet, as we do not own a participation in the loans made by independent lenders. We monitor the principal balance of these loans, as our credit service fees and bad debt are directly related to their volume due to the letters of credit we issue on these loans. The balance shown above is the gross principal balance of the loans outstanding.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The discussion in this section contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to these differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed in this section and throughout this report.

Second Quarter Ended March 31, 2008 vs. Second Quarter Ended March 31, 2007

The following table presents selected, unaudited, consolidated financial data for our three-month periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (the "current quarter" and "prior year quarter"):

	<u>Three Months Ended March 31,</u>		<u>Percentage</u> <u>Change</u>
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	
	<i>(in thousands)</i>		
Net revenues:			
Sales	\$ 61,330	\$ 50,032	22.6%
Pawn service charges	21,785	16,556	31.6%
Signature loan fees	30,166	22,713	32.8%
Other	344	342	0.6%
Total revenues	<u>113,625</u>	<u>89,643</u>	26.8%
Cost of goods sold	<u>36,731</u>	<u>30,374</u>	20.9%
Net revenues	\$ 76,894	\$ 59,269	29.7%
	=====	=====	
Net income	\$ 13,016	\$ 10,196	27.7%
	=====	=====	

Six Months Ended March 31, 2008 vs. Six Months Ended March 31, 2007

The following table presents selected, unaudited, consolidated financial data for our six-month periods ended March 31, 2008 and 2007 (the current and prior year-to-date periods):

	<u>Six Months Ended March 31,</u>		<u>Percentage</u> <u>Change</u>
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	
	<i>(in thousands)</i>		
Net revenues:			
Sales	\$ 116,837	\$ 99,012	18.0%
Pawn service charges	44,693	34,518	29.5%
Signature loan fees	63,694	47,108	35.2%
Other	707	692	2.2%
Total revenues	<u>225,931</u>	<u>181,330</u>	24.6%
Cost of goods sold	<u>70,272</u>	<u>60,197</u>	16.7%
Net revenues	\$ 155,659	\$ 121,133	28.5%
	=====	=====	
Net income	\$ 25,571	\$ 19,957	28.1%
	=====	=====	

Consolidated signature loan data (combined payday loan and credit service activities) are as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	March 31,		March 31,	
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
	<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>			
Fee revenue	\$ 30,166	\$ 22,713	\$ 63,694	\$ 47,108
Bad debt:				
Net defaults, including interest on brokered loans	6,489	3,260	15,524	8,660
Insufficient funds fees, net of collections	235	172	595	457
Change in valuation allowance	(123)	(599)	14	(300)
Other related costs	<u>31</u>	<u>83</u>	<u>169</u>	<u>127</u>
Net bad debt	<u>6,632</u>	<u>2,916</u>	<u>16,302</u>	<u>8,944</u>
Fee revenue less bad debt	\$ 23,534	\$ 19,797	\$ 47,392	\$ 38,164
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Average signature loan balance outstanding during period (a)	\$ 28,417	\$ 21,079	\$ 28,365	\$ 21,045
Signature loan balance at end of period (a)	\$ 25,506	\$ 20,215	\$ 25,506	\$ 20,215
Participating stores at end of period	535	449	535	449
Signature loan bad debt, as a percent of fee revenue	22.0%	12.8%	25.6%	19.0%
Net default rate (a) (b)	4.2%	2.9%	4.8%	3.7%

(a) Signature loan balances include payday loans (net of valuation allowance) recorded on our balance sheet and the principal portion of active brokered loans outstanding from unaffiliated lenders, the balance of which is not included on our balance sheet.

(b) Principal defaults net of collections, as a percentage of signature loans made and renewed.

Overview

We lend or provide credit services to individuals who do not have cash resources or access to credit to meet their short-term cash needs. As of March 31, 2008, we offer pawn loans in our 294 domestic pawn stores and 26 Mexico pawn stores. Pawn loans are non-recourse loans collateralized by tangible personal property. At these stores, we also sell merchandise, primarily collateral forfeited from our pawn lending operations, to customers looking for good value. In 462 EZMONEY stores and 73 of our domestic EZPAWN stores open March 31, 2008, we offer short-term non-collateralized loans, often called payday loans, or fee-based credit services to customers seeking loans (collectively, “signature loans”).

We manage our business as three segments. The EZPAWN U.S. Operations segment offers pawn related activities in all 294 domestic EZPAWN stores, and offers signature loans in 73 of our domestic EZPAWN stores and six EZMONEY stores. The EZPAWN Mexico Operations segment offers pawn related activities in 26 Mexico pawn stores. The EZMONEY Operations segment offers signature loans in 456 EZMONEY stores, and accounts for approximately 98% of our signature loan revenues. The following tables present store data by operating segment:

	<u>Three Months Ended March 31, 2008</u>			
	<u>EZPAWN U.S. Operations</u>	<u>EZPAWN Mexico Operations</u>	<u>EZMONEY Operations</u>	<u>Consolidated</u>
Stores in operation:				
Beginning of period	300	25	442	767
New openings	-	1	17	18
Acquired	-	-	-	-
Sold, combined, or closed	-	-	(3)	(3)
End of period	<u>300</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>456</u>	<u>782</u>
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Average number of stores during the period	300	25	448	773

	<u>Six Months Ended March 31, 2008</u>			
	<u>EZPAWN U.S. Operations</u>	<u>EZPAWN Mexico Operations</u>	<u>EZMONEY Operations</u>	<u>Consolidated</u>
Stores in operation:				
Beginning of period	300	4	427	731
New openings	-	2	34	36
Acquired	-	20	-	20
Sold, combined, or closed	-	-	(5)	(5)
End of period	<u>300</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>456</u>	<u>782</u>
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Average number of stores during the period	300	22	440	761
Composition of ending stores:				
EZPAWN – United States	294	-	-	294
EZPAWN – Mexico	-	26	-	26
EZMONEY signature loan stores adjoining EZPAWNs	6	-	163	169
EZMONEY signature loan stores – free standing	-	-	293	293
Total stores in operation	<u>300</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>456</u>	<u>782</u>
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Total stores offering signature loans	79	-	456	535

	<u>Three Months Ended March 31, 2007</u>			
	EZPAWN	EZPAWN	EZMONEY	<u>Consolidated</u>
	<u>U.S.</u>	<u>Mexico</u>	<u>Operations</u>	
	<u>Operations</u>	<u>Operations</u>	<u>Operations</u>	
Stores in operation:				
Beginning of period	286	1	334	621
New openings	-	1	30	31
Acquired	-	-	-	-
Sold, combined, or closed	-	-	(1)	(1)
End of period	<u>286</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>363</u>	<u>651</u>
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Average number of stores during the period	286	2	345	633

	<u>Six Months Ended March 31, 2007</u>			
	EZPAWN	EZPAWN	EZMONEY	<u>Consolidated</u>
	<u>U.S.</u>	<u>Mexico</u>	<u>Operations</u>	
	<u>Operations</u>	<u>Operations</u>	<u>Operations</u>	
Stores in operation:				
Beginning of period	286	-	328	614
New openings	-	2	37	39
Acquired	-	-	-	-
Sold, combined, or closed	-	-	(2)	(2)
End of period	<u>286</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>363</u>	<u>651</u>
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Average number of stores during the period	286	1	339	626
Composition of ending stores:				
EZPAWN – United States	280	-	-	280
EZPAWN – Mexico	-	2	-	2
EZMONEY signature loan stores adjoining EZPAWNs	6	-	158	164
EZMONEY signature loan stores – free standing	-	-	205	205
Total stores in operation	<u>286</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>363</u>	<u>651</u>
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Total stores offering signature loans	86	-	363	449

We earn pawn service charge revenue on our pawn lending. While allowable service charges vary by state and loan size, a majority of our U.S. pawn loans earn 20% per month, or 240% annually. Our average U.S. pawn loan amount typically ranges between \$80 and \$100 but varies depending on the valuation of each item pawned. The total U.S. loan term, consisting of the primary term and grace period, ranges between 60 and 120 days. In Mexico, a majority of our pawn loans earn pawn service charges of 13% to 14% net of applicable taxes, and the total loan term is 45 days.

In our pawnshops, we acquire inventory for retail sales through pawn loan forfeitures and, to a lesser extent, through purchases of customers' merchandise. The gross profit on sales of inventory depends primarily on our assessment of the resale value at the time the property is either accepted as loan collateral or purchased. Improper assessment of the resale value in the lending or purchasing process can result in lower margins or reduced marketability of the merchandise.

At March 31, 2008, 278 of our 456 EZMONEY stores and 49 of our 294 domestic pawn stores offered credit services to customers seeking loans from unaffiliated lenders. We do not participate in any of the loans made by the lenders, but earn a fee for helping customers obtain credit and for enhancing customers' creditworthiness by providing letters of credit. We also offer a free service to all credit service customers to improve or establish their credit histories by reporting their payments to an external credit-reporting agency.

In connection with our credit services, the unaffiliated lenders offer customers two types of loans. In all 278 EZMONEY stores and 49 EZPAWN stores offering credit services, customers can obtain short-term loans, with principal amounts up to \$1,500 but averaging \$550. Terms of these short-term loans are generally less than 30 days, averaging about 18 days, with due dates corresponding with the customers' next payday. We typically earn a fee of 20% of the loan amount for our short-term loan credit services. In 72 EZMONEY stores offering credit services, customers can obtain longer-term installment loans from the unaffiliated lenders. The installment loans typically

carry terms of about five months with ten equal installment payments due on customers' paydays. Installment loan principal amounts range from \$1,525 to \$3,000, but average about \$2,100. With each installment payment, we earn a fee of 10% of the initial loan amount. At March 31, 2008, short-term loans comprised 98% of the balance of loans brokered through our credit services, and installment loans comprised the remaining 2%.

We earn payday loan fee revenue on our payday loans. In 24 pawn stores and 184 EZMONEY stores, we make payday loans subject to state law. The average payday loan amount is approximately \$435 and the term is generally less than 30 days, averaging about 18 days. We typically charge a fee of 15% to 22% of the loan amount for a 7 to 23-day period.

On June 18, 2007, we completed the acquisition of fifteen pawnshops and one payday loan store from Jumping Jack Cash, a competitor in Colorado for \$23.2 million of cash and direct transaction costs. Results of the acquired stores are included in our consolidated results from the date of acquisition.

On October 22, 2007, we completed the acquisition of twenty Mexico pawnshops from MMFS Intl., S.A. de C.V., a subsidiary of Mister Money Holdings, Inc. for \$15.4 million cash and direct transaction costs. Results of the acquired stores are included in our consolidated results from the date of acquisition.

On March 17, 2008, we announced our agreement to acquire up to 100%, but not less than 70%, of the equity ownership of Value Financial Services, Inc. for approximately \$100 million, subject to our due diligence review. Value Financial Services currently owns and operates 65 pawn stores in Florida, Tennessee, and Georgia, including one opened since our announcement of the planned acquisition. On April 28, 2008, we amended the agreement to extend the due diligence period to May 13, 2008 and the expected closing date to June 26, 2008, among other related changes. The remainder of this discussion and analysis excludes the potential impact of this pending acquisition, as its completion is not yet assured.

In the current quarter, the EZPAWN U.S. Operations segment contributed \$6.3 million greater store operating income compared to the prior year quarter, primarily from an increase in same store pawn service charges, the same store gross profit from gold scrapping, and the contribution from 15 Colorado pawn stores acquired in June 2007. The EZPAWN Mexico Operations segment improved its store operating income by \$0.9 million, primarily due to the acquisition of twenty stores in October 2007. Our EZMONEY Operations segment contributed \$0.3 million greater store operating income, comprised of higher fees net of bad debt, offset by higher operating costs. After an increase in administrative expenses and depreciation and less material changes in other items, our consolidated net income improved to \$13.0 million in the current quarter from \$10.2 million in the prior year quarter.

Results of Operations

Second Quarter Ended March 31, 2008 vs. Second Quarter Ended March 31, 2007

The following discussion compares our results of operations for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 (the “current quarter”) to the quarter ended March 31, 2007 (the “prior year quarter”). The discussion should be read with the accompanying financial statements and related notes.

EZPAWN U.S. Operations Segment

The following table presents selected financial data for the EZPAWN U.S. Operations segment:

	Three Months Ended March 31.	
	2008	2007
	<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	
Sales	\$ 59,747	\$ 50,019
Pawn service charges	20,720	16,548
Signature loan fees	672	792
Other	<u>341</u>	<u>342</u>
Total revenues	81,480	67,701
Cost of goods sold	<u>35,784</u>	<u>30,367</u>
Net revenues	45,696	37,334
Operating expenses:		
Operations expense	23,521	21,501
Signature loan bad debt	<u>167</u>	<u>148</u>
Total store operating expenses	<u>23,688</u>	<u>21,649</u>
Store operating income	\$ 22,008	\$ 15,685
	=====	=====
Other data:		
Gross margin on sales	40%	39%
Annualized inventory turnover	3.8x	3.8x
Average pawn loan balance per pawn store at quarter end	\$ 181	\$ 154
Average inventory per pawn store at quarter end	\$ 117	\$ 102
Average yield on pawn loan portfolio (a)	150%	150%
Pawn loan redemption rate	81%	80%
Average signature loan balance per store offering signature loans at quarter end (b)	\$ 9	\$ 10

- (a) Average yield on pawn loan portfolio is calculated as annualized pawn service charge revenue for the period divided by the average pawn loan balance during the period.
- (b) Signature loan balances include payday loans (net of valuation allowance) recorded on our balance sheet and the principal portion of active brokered loans outstanding from unaffiliated lenders, the balance of which is not included on our balance sheet.

Our current quarter U.S. pawn service charge revenue increased 25%, or \$4.2 million from the prior year quarter to \$20.7 million. This increase was due to a 17%, or \$2.9 million increase in same store pawn service charges and a \$1.3 million increase in pawn service charges at acquired stores. The same store improvement was due primarily to a higher average pawn loan balance, with the yield relatively unchanged. We have periodically raised our loan values on gold jewelry in response to increases in gold market values and similar changes by our competitors, including three increases over the last year. This contributed about \$2.0 million to the increase in U.S. pawn service charges in the current quarter.

The table below presents our sales volume, gross profit, and gross margins in the EZPAWN U.S. Operations segment:

	<u>Three Months Ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
	<i>(Dollars in millions)</i>	
Merchandise sales	\$ 43.3	\$ 39.5
Jewelry scrapping sales	<u>16.4</u>	<u>10.5</u>
Total sales	\$ 59.7	\$ 50.0
Gross profit on merchandise sales	\$ 17.0	\$ 15.9
Gross profit on jewelry scrapping sales	\$ 7.0	\$ 3.7
Gross margin on merchandise sales	39.2%	40.3%
Gross margin on jewelry scrapping sales	42.6%	35.4%
Overall gross margin	40.1%	39.3%

The current quarter's merchandise gross profit increased \$1.1 million from the prior year quarter to \$17.0 million. This was due to additional sales from the fifteen pawn stores acquired in June 2007 and a four percent same store sales increase, partially offset by a 1.1 percentage point decrease in gross margins to 39.2%. The decrease in gross margins was the result of higher levels of discounting merchandise.

The current quarter's gross profit on jewelry scrapping sales increased \$3.3 million from the prior year quarter to \$7.0 million. This was due to a \$5.9 million increase in jewelry scrapping sales on 19% more volume and a 7.2 percentage point improvement in margins. The proceeds refiners pay us for jewelry has increased in the last year in response to higher gold values. We also increased the amount we loan on jewelry and pay to purchase jewelry from customers, increasing the cost of these items. The net effect of these factors comprises most of the improvement in gross profit from jewelry scrapping sales in the current quarter.

Merchandise and jewelry scrapping sales volume is heavily dependent on inventory available for sale, or beginning inventory on hand plus pawn loan forfeitures and inventory purchases. Inventory available for sale in the current quarter was 17% higher than in the prior year quarter, largely due to same store pawn loan growth and the related increase in loan forfeitures and the June 2007 acquisition of fifteen pawn stores. Total merchandise sales for the quarter were 10% above the prior year quarter.

The segment's signature loan contribution, or fee revenue less bad debt, decreased \$0.1 million in the current quarter compared to the prior year quarter due to lower fee revenues on a lower average loan balance, combined with an increase in signature loan bad debt from 18.7% of fees in the prior year quarter to 24.9% in the current quarter.

Operations expense improved to 51% of net revenues (\$23.5 million) in the current quarter from 58% of net revenues (\$21.5 million) in the prior year quarter as operating expenses grew at a slower pace than the segment's net revenues.

In the current quarter, the \$8.4 million greater net revenue from U.S. pawn activities, partially offset by the \$2.0 million higher operations expense and \$0.1 million lower contribution from signature loans resulted in a \$6.3 million overall increase in store operating income from the EZPAWN U.S. Operations segment compared to the prior year quarter. For the current quarter, the EZPAWN U.S. Operations segment made up 67% of consolidated store operating income compared to 62% in the prior year quarter.

EZPAWN Mexico Operations Segment

The following table presents selected financial data for the EZPAWN Mexico Operations segment:

	<u>Three Months Ended March 31,</u>	
	2008	2007
	<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	
Sales	\$ 1,583	\$ 13
Pawn service charges	1,065	8
Signature loan fees	-	-
Other	3	-
Total revenues	2,651	21
Cost of goods sold	947	7
Net revenues	1,704	14
Operating expenses:		
Operations expense	889	58
Signature loan bad debt	-	-
Total store operating expenses	889	58
Store operating income	\$ 815	\$ (44)
	=====	=====
Other data:		
Gross margin on sales	40%	46%
Annualized inventory turnover	2.7x	0.7x
Average pawn loan balance per pawn store at quarter end	\$ 133	\$ 18
Average inventory per pawn store at quarter end	\$ 58	\$ 42
Average yield on pawn loan portfolio (a)	136%	188%

- (a) Average yield on pawn loan portfolio is calculated as annualized pawn service charge revenue for the period divided by the average pawn loan balance during the period.

In the prior year quarter, our EZPAWN Mexico Operations segment included the results from our first two stores opened in the first and second quarters of fiscal 2007. The current quarter results include results from those stores, the twenty stores acquired October 22, 2007, and the four additional stores opened since the end of the prior year quarter.

The table below presents our sales volume, gross profit, and gross margins in the EZPAWN Mexico Operations segment:

	<u>Three Months Ended March 31,</u>	
	2008	2007
	<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	
Merchandise sales	\$ 1,374	\$ 13
Jewelry scrapping sales	209	-
Total sales	\$ 1,583	\$ 13
Gross profit on merchandise sales	\$ 551	\$ 6
Gross profit on jewelry scrapping sales	\$ 85	\$ -
Gross margin on merchandise sales	40.1%	46.2%
Gross margin on jewelry scrapping sales	40.7%	N/A
Overall gross margin	40.2%	46.2%

The current quarter's merchandise gross profit increased to \$0.6 million on \$1.4 million of sales due to new and acquired stores. Gross margins on merchandise sales were 40.1%.

The current quarter's gross profit on jewelry scrapping sales was \$0.1 million on \$0.2 million of proceeds. Gross margins on jewelry scrapping sales were 40.7%.

Operations expense was 52% of segment net revenues (\$0.9 million) in the current quarter. Operating expenses exceeded net revenues in the prior year quarter during the start-up period of our Mexico operations.

In the current quarter, the \$1.7 million greater net revenue from Mexico pawn activities, partially offset by the \$0.8 million higher operations expense resulted in a \$0.9 million overall increase in store operating income from the EZPAWN Mexico Operations segment compared to the prior year quarter. For the current quarter, the EZPAWN Mexico Operations segment made up three percent of consolidated store operating income, compared to a small loss in the start-up period in the prior year quarter.

EZMONEY Operations Segment

The following table presents selected financial data for the EZMONEY Operations segment:

	<u>Three Months Ended March 31,</u>	
	2008	2007
	<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	
Signature loan fees	\$ 29,494	\$ 21,921
Signature loan bad debt	6,465	2,768
Fee revenue less bad debt	23,029	19,153
Operations expense	13,111	9,545
Store operating income	\$ 9,918	\$ 9,608
Other data:		
Signature loan bad debt as a percent of signature loan fees	21.9%	12.6%
Average signature loan balance per store offering signature loans at quarter end (a)	\$ 54	\$ 53

- (a) Signature loan balances include payday loans (net of valuation allowance) recorded on our balance sheet and the principal portion of active brokered loans outstanding from unaffiliated lenders, the balance of which is not included on our balance sheet.

The segment's signature loan contribution, or fees less bad debt, increased \$3.9 million, or 20% compared to the prior year quarter. The primary drivers of the increased contribution were the higher average loan balances at existing stores and the addition of new stores, resulting in a 35% increase in the current quarter signature loan fee revenue. Signature loan bad debt increased \$3.7 million to 21.9% of related fees in the current quarter compared to 12.6% in the prior year quarter. We believe the current macro-economic pressures on our customers, their employment, and general access to cash to repay their debts was the primary cause of our increased difficulty in collecting bad debt in the quarter. For the past several years, we also have sold our bad debt, on a weekly basis, to third parties after 60 days of internal collection efforts, but saw market rates for debt sales decline in the current quarter. We are now continuing to work our bad debt past 60 days and employ a combination of in-house collections, third party debt sales, and testing several new ancillary collection techniques.

Operations expense increased \$3.6 million in the current quarter to \$13.1 million, but remained unchanged from the prior year quarter at 44% of segment net revenues. The dollar increase was from additional labor, rent, and other costs at new and existing stores. In the current quarter, operations expense was \$29,300 per average store, compared to \$27,700 in the prior year quarter.

In the current quarter, the \$3.9 million increase in signature loan fees net of bad debt and \$3.6 million greater operations expense resulted in a \$0.3 million net increase in store operating income from the EZMONEY Operations segment. For the current quarter, the EZMONEY Operations made up 30% of consolidated store operating income compared to 38% in the prior year quarter.

Other Items

The items discussed below affect our consolidated financial results, but are not allocated between segments.

Administrative expenses in the current quarter were \$9.8 million compared to \$8.0 million in the prior year quarter, or 12.8% of net revenues compared to 13.4% in the prior year quarter. The increase was due primarily to a \$0.8 million increase in administrative labor and benefits as we build the infrastructure to support our continued growth and a \$0.7 million increase in professional fees.

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$3.1 million in the current quarter, compared to \$2.4 million in the prior year quarter. Depreciation on assets placed in service, primarily related to new EZMONEY stores and acquired pawn stores, exceeded the reduction from assets that became fully depreciated or were retired in the period. We experienced increased amortization of intangible assets acquired with the two acquisitions since the end of the prior year quarter.

We earned \$0.1 million of interest income on our invested cash in the current quarter, for an annualized rate of return of 3.1%. In the comparable prior year quarter, we earned \$0.6 million of interest income on our invested cash, yielding 5.1%.

Our \$0.1 million interest expense in the current and prior year quarter was comprised mostly of the amortization of deferred financing costs and the commitment fee on our line of credit, as we had no debt in either period.

Our equity interest in the earnings of Albemarle & Bond increased \$0.3 million in the current quarter to \$1.1 million. The increase was a result of A&B's continued same store improvement in earnings, the additional income A&B earned from the 26 stores it acquired in July 2007, and our incremental investment in A&B in July 2007.

The current quarter income tax expense was \$7.9 million (37.7% of pretax income) compared to \$6.0 million (37.0% of pretax income) for the prior year quarter. The increase in effective tax rate between these periods is due to anticipated higher state taxes.

Consolidated operating income for the current quarter improved \$4.9 million over the prior year quarter to \$19.8 million. Contributing to this were the \$6.3 million, \$0.9 million and \$0.3 million increases in store operating income in our EZPAWN U.S., EZPAWN Mexico and EZMONEY Operations segments, partially offset by the \$1.9 million increase in administrative expenses. After a \$0.7 million increase in depreciation and amortization and a \$1.9 million increase in income taxes and other smaller items, net income improved to \$13.0 million in the current quarter from \$10.2 million in the prior year quarter.

Six Months Ended March 31, 2008 vs. Six Months Ended March 31, 2007

The following discussion compares our results of operations for the six months ended March 31, 2008 to the six months ended March 31, 2007. The discussion should be read with the accompanying financial statements and related notes.

EZPAWN U.S. Operations Segment

The following table presents selected financial data for the EZPAWN U.S. Operations segment:

	<u>Six Months Ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
	<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	
Sales	\$ 113,948	\$ 98,998
Pawn service charges	42,710	34,508
Signature loan fees	1,481	1,704
Other	<u>703</u>	<u>692</u>
Total revenues	158,842	135,902
Cost of goods sold	<u>68,552</u>	<u>60,188</u>
Net revenues	90,290	75,714
Operating expenses:		
Operations expense	47,029	43,166
Signature loan bad debt	<u>539</u>	<u>484</u>
Total store operating expenses	<u>47,568</u>	<u>43,650</u>
Store operating income	\$ 42,722	\$ 32,064
	=====	=====
Other data:		
Gross margin on sales	40%	39%
Annualized inventory turnover	3.5x	3.5x
Average pawn loan balance per pawn store at quarter end	\$ 181	\$ 154
Average inventory per pawn store at quarter end	\$ 117	\$ 102
Average yield on pawn loan portfolio (a)	148%	149%
Pawn loan redemption rate	79%	78%
Average signature loan balance per store offering signature loans at quarter end (b)	\$ 9	\$ 10

- (a) Average yield on pawn loan portfolio is calculated as annualized pawn service charge revenue for the period divided by the average pawn loan balance during the period.
- (b) Signature loan balances include payday loans (net of valuation allowance) recorded on our balance sheet and the principal portion of active brokered loans outstanding from unaffiliated lenders, the balance of which is not included on our balance sheet.

Our current year-to-date U.S. pawn service charge revenue increased 24%, or \$8.2 million from the prior year to \$42.7 million. This increase was due to a 16%, or \$5.5 million increase in same store pawn service charges and \$2.7 million of pawn service charges at acquired stores. The same store improvement was due primarily to a higher average pawn loan balance, partially offset by a one percentage point lower yield. We have periodically raised our loan values on gold jewelry in response to increases in gold market values and similar changes by our competitors, including three increases over the last year. This contributed about \$3.8 million to the increase in U.S. pawn service charges in the current year-to-date period.

The table below presents our sales volume, gross profit, and gross margins in the EZPAWN U.S. Operations segment:

	<u>Six Months Ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
	<i>(Dollars in millions)</i>	
Merchandise sales	\$ 82.7	\$ 77.4
Jewelry scrapping sales	<u>31.2</u>	<u>21.6</u>
Total sales	\$ 113.9	\$ 99.0
Gross profit on merchandise sales	\$ 32.8	\$ 31.2
Gross profit on jewelry scrapping sales	\$ 12.6	\$ 7.6
Gross margin on merchandise sales	39.6%	40.4%
Gross margin on jewelry scrapping sales	40.4%	35.1%
Overall gross margin	39.8%	39.2%

The current year-to-date period's merchandise gross profit increased \$1.6 million from the prior year-to-date period to \$32.8 million. This was due to \$4.5 million of additional sales from the fifteen pawn stores acquired in June 2007 and a one percentage point increase in same store sales, partially offset by a decrease of 0.8 of a percentage point in gross margins to 39.6%.

The current year-to-date period's gross profit on jewelry scrapping sales increased \$5.0 million from the prior year-to-date period to \$12.6 million. This was due to a \$9.6 million increase in jewelry scrapping sales on 12% more volume and a 5.3 percentage point improvement in margins. The jewelry scrapping sales include the current year-to-date period sale of approximately \$0.3 million of loose diamonds removed from scrapped jewelry, compared to approximately \$0.5 million in the prior year-to-date period. The proceeds refiners pay us for jewelry has increased in the last year in response to higher gold values. We also increased the amount we loan on jewelry and pay to purchase jewelry from customers, increasing the cost of these items. The net effect of these factors comprises most of the improvement in gross profit from jewelry scrapping sales in the current year-to-date period.

The segment's signature loan contribution, or fee revenue less bad debt, decreased \$0.3 million in the current year-to-date period due to lower fee revenues on a lower average loan balance, combined with an increase in signature loan bad debt from 28.4% of fees in the prior year-to-date period to 36.4% in the current year-to-date period.

Operations expense improved to 52% of net revenues (\$47.0 million) in the current year-to-date period from 57% of net revenues (\$43.2 million) in the prior year-to-date period as operating expenses grew at a slower pace than the segment's net revenues.

In the current year-to-date period, the \$14.8 million greater net revenue from U.S. pawn activities, partially offset by the \$3.8 million higher operations expense and \$0.3 million lower contribution from signature loans resulted in a \$10.7 million overall increase in store operating income from the EZPAWN U.S. Operations segment compared to the prior year-to-date period. For the current year-to-date period, the EZPAWN U.S. Operations segment made up 66% of consolidated store operating income compared to 65% in the prior year-to-date period.

EZPAWN Mexico Operations Segment

The following table presents selected financial data for the EZPAWN Mexico Operations segment:

	<u>Six Months Ended March 31,</u>	
	2008	2007
	<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	
Sales	\$ 2,889	\$ 14
Pawn service charges	1,983	10
Signature loan fees	-	-
Other	4	-
Total revenues	4,876	24
Cost of goods sold	1,720	9
Net revenues	3,156	15
Operating expenses:		
Operations expense	1,721	120
Signature loan bad debt	-	-
Total store operating expenses	1,721	120
Store operating income	\$ 1,435	\$ (105)
Other data:		
Gross margin on sales	41%	36%
Annualized inventory turnover	1.9x	0.4x
Average pawn loan balance per pawn store at quarter end	\$ 133	\$ 18
Average inventory per pawn store at quarter end	\$ 58	\$ 42
Average yield on pawn loan portfolio (a)	138%	127%

- (a) Average yield on pawn loan portfolio is calculated as annualized pawn service charge revenue for the period divided by the average pawn loan balance during the period.

In the prior year-to-date period, our EZPAWN Mexico Operations segment included the results from our first two stores opened in that period. The current year-to-date results include results from those stores, the twenty stores acquired October 22, 2007, and the four additional stores opened since the end of the prior year-to-date period.

The table below presents our sales volume, gross profit, and gross margins in the EZPAWN Mexico Operations segment:

	<u>Six Months Ended March 31,</u>	
	2008	2007
	<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	
Merchandise sales	\$ 2,489	\$ 14
Jewelry scrapping sales	400	-
Total sales	\$ 2,889	\$ 14
Gross profit on merchandise sales	\$ 1,004	\$ 5
Gross profit on jewelry scrapping sales	\$ 165	\$ -
Gross margin on merchandise sales	40.3%	35.7%
Gross margin on jewelry scrapping sales	41.3%	N/A
Overall gross margin	40.5%	35.7%

The current year-to-date period's merchandise gross profit increased to \$1.0 million on \$2.5 million of sales due to new and acquired stores. Gross margins on merchandise sales were 40.3%.

The current year-to-date period's gross profit on jewelry scrapping sales was \$0.2 million on \$0.4 million of proceeds. Gross margins on jewelry scrapping sales were 41.3%.

Operations expense was 55% of segment net revenues (\$1.7 million) in the current year-to-date period. Operating expenses exceeded net revenues in the prior year-to-date period during the start-up period of our Mexico operations.

In the current year-to-date period, the \$3.1 million greater net revenue from Mexico pawn activities, partially offset by the \$1.6 million higher operations expense resulted in a \$1.5 million overall increase in store operating income from the EZPAWN Mexico Operations segment compared to the prior year-to-date period. For the current year-to-date period, the EZPAWN Mexico Operations segment made up two percent of consolidated store operating income, compared to a small loss in the start-up period in the prior year-to-date period.

EZMONEY Operations Segment

The following table presents selected financial data for the EZMONEY Operations segment:

	<u>Six Months Ended March 31,</u>	
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
	<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>	
Signature loan fees	\$ 62,213	\$ 45,404
Signature loan bad debt	<u>15,763</u>	<u>8,460</u>
Fee revenue less bad debt	46,450	36,944
Operations expense	<u>25,842</u>	<u>19,206</u>
Store operating income	\$ 20,608	\$ 17,738
	=====	=====
Other data:		
Signature loan bad debt as a percent of signature loan fees	25.3%	18.6%
Average signature loan balance per store offering signature loans at quarter end (a)	\$ 54	\$ 53

- (a) Signature loan balances include payday loans (net of valuation allowance) recorded on our balance sheet and the principal portion of active brokered loans outstanding from unaffiliated lenders, the balance of which is not included on our balance sheet.

The segment's signature loan contribution, or fees less bad debt, increased \$9.5 million, or 26% compared to the prior year-to-date period. The primary drivers of the increased contribution were the higher average loan balances at existing stores and the addition of new stores, resulting in a 37% increase in the current year-to-date period signature loan fee revenue. Signature loan bad debt increased \$7.3 million to 25.3% of related fees in the current year-to-date period compared to 18.6% in the prior year-to-date period. We believe the current macro-economic pressures on our customers, their employment, and general access to cash to repay their debts was the primary cause of our increased difficulty in collecting bad debt in the current year-to-date period. For the past several years, we also have sold our bad debt, on a weekly basis, to third parties after 60 days of internal collection efforts, but saw market rates for debt sales decline in the current period. We are now continuing to work our bad debt past 60 days and employ a combination of in-house collections, third party debt sales, and testing several new ancillary collection techniques.

Operations expense increased \$6.6 million in the current year-to-date period to \$25.8 million, but remained unchanged from the prior year-to-date period at 42% of segment net revenues. The dollar increase was mostly from additional labor, rent, and other costs at new and existing stores. In the current year-to-date period, operations expense was \$58,700 per average store, compared to \$56,700 in the prior year-to-date period.

In the current year-to-date period, the \$9.5 million increase in signature loan fees net of bad debt and \$6.6 million greater operations expense resulted in a \$2.9 million net increase in store operating income from the EZMONEY Operations segment. For the current year-to-date period, the EZMONEY Operations made up 32% of consolidated store operating income compared to 36% in the prior year-to-date period.

Other Items

The items discussed below affect our consolidated financial results, but are not allocated between segments.

Administrative expenses in the current year-to-date period were \$19.7 million compared to \$15.5 million in the prior year-to-date period, or 12.7% of net revenues compared to 12.8% in the prior year-to-date period. The increase was due primarily to a \$2.0 million increase in administrative labor and benefits as we build the infrastructure to support our continued growth and a \$1.5 million increase in professional fees.

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$5.9 million in the current year, compared to \$4.7 million in the prior year. Depreciation on assets placed in service, primarily related to new EZMONEY stores and acquired pawn stores, exceeded the reduction from assets that became fully depreciated or were retired. We experienced increased amortization of intangible assets acquired with the two acquisitions since the end of the prior year-to-date period.

We earned \$0.2 million of interest income on our invested cash in the current year-to-date period, for an annualized rate of return of 3.2%. In the comparable prior year period, we earned \$0.9 million of interest income on our invested cash, yielding 5.0%.

Our \$0.2 million interest expense in the current year-to-date period and \$0.1 million interest expense in the prior year-to-date period was comprised mostly of the amortization of deferred financing costs and the commitment fee on our line of credit, as we had no debt in either period.

Our equity interest in the earnings of Albemarle & Bond increased \$0.7 million in the current year-to-date period to \$2.2 million. The increase was a result of A&B's continued same store improvement in earnings, the additional income A&B earned from the 26 stores it acquired in July 2007, and our incremental investment in A&B in July 2007.

The current year-to-date income tax expense was \$15.5 million (37.7% of pretax income) compared to \$11.7 million (37.0% of pretax income) in the prior year period. The increase in effective tax rate between these periods is due to anticipated higher state taxes.

Consolidated operating income for the current year-to-date period improved \$9.6 million over the prior year-to-date period to \$39.1 million. Contributing to this were the \$10.7 million, \$1.5 million and \$2.9 million increases in store operating income in our EZPAWN U.S., EZPAWN Mexico and EZMONEY Operations segments, partially offset by the \$4.2 million increase in administrative expenses. After a \$1.2 million increase in depreciation and amortization and a \$3.8 million increase in income taxes and other smaller items, net income improved to \$25.6 million in the current year-to-date period from \$20.0 million in the prior year-to-date period.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

In the current year-to-date period, our \$31.1 million cash flow from operations consisted of (a) net income plus several non-cash items, aggregating to \$34.6 million, net of (b) \$3.5 million of normal, recurring changes in operating assets and liabilities. In the prior year-to-date period, our \$24.4 million cash flow from operations consisted of (a) net income plus several non-cash items, aggregating to \$25.7 million, net of (b) \$1.3 million of normal, recurring changes in operating assets and liabilities. The primary differences in cash flow from operations between the two periods were an increase in the gross profit on sales of inventory and an increase in collected pawn service charges and signature loan fees, net of higher operating expenses and taxes paid.

The \$18.5 million of cash used in investing activities during the current year-to-date period were funded by cash flow from operations. Our most significant investments were the \$15.4 million acquisition of 20 Mexico pawn stores and \$9.6 million of additions to property and equipment primarily for new store construction. Another significant investment was the funding of \$4.1 million of payday loans net of repayments. Offsetting this was \$9.6 million of pawn loan repayments and principal recovery through the sale of forfeited collateral over pawn loans made and the \$1.1 million of dividends received from an unconsolidated affiliate. We also received \$0.4 million of cash and tax benefits from the exercise of stock options and warrants. The net effect of these and other smaller cash flows was a \$13.0 million increase in cash on hand, providing a \$35.6 million ending cash balance.

Below is a summary of our cash needs to meet future aggregate contractual obligations (*in millions*):

<u>Contractual Obligations</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Payments due by Period</u>			<u>More than 5 years</u>
		<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>1-3 years</u>	<u>3-5 years</u>	
Long-term debt obligations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest on long-term debt obligations	0.2	0.1	0.1	-	-
Capital lease obligations	-	-	-	-	-
Operating lease obligations	154.2	23.2	41.2	34.3	55.5
Purchase obligations	-	-	-	-	-
Other long-term liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 154.4</u>	<u>\$ 23.3</u>	<u>\$ 41.3</u>	<u>\$ 34.3</u>	<u>\$ 55.5</u>

In addition to the contractual obligations in the table above, we are obligated under letters of credit issued to unaffiliated lenders as part of our credit service operations. At March 31, 2008, our maximum exposure for losses on letters of credit, if all brokered loans defaulted and none was collected, was \$21.4 million. This amount includes principal, interest, and insufficient funds fees.

In addition to the operating lease obligations in the table above, we are responsible for the maintenance, property taxes, and insurance at most of our locations. In the most recent fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, these collectively amounted to \$8.2 million.

In the remaining six months of fiscal 2008, we plan to open approximately 35 to 45 new signature loan stores in the U.S. and eight to ten new pawn stores in Mexico for an expected capital expenditure of approximately \$3.4 million, plus the funding of working capital and start-up losses at these stores. We believe these new stores will create a drag on earnings and cash flow in their first six to nine months of operations before turning profitable.

While we had no debt outstanding at March 31, 2008, we have a \$40 million revolving credit facility secured by our assets, which matures October 1, 2009. Under the terms of the agreement, we could borrow the full \$40 million at March 31, 2008. Terms of the agreement require, among other things, that we meet certain financial covenants. Payment of dividends and additional debt are allowed but restricted. The interest amount shown in the table above reflects the commitment fee we anticipate paying through the maturity of the credit agreement, assuming we remain debt-free.

On March 17, 2008, we announced our agreement to acquire up to 100%, but not less than 70%, of the equity ownership of Value Financial Services, Inc. for approximately \$100 million, subject to our due diligence review. On April 28, 2008, we amended the agreement to extend the due diligence period to May 13, 2008 and the expected closing date to June 26, 2008, among other related changes. If the acquisition is completed, our cash on hand and availability under our current credit facility will be inadequate to fund the acquisition and other operating cash needs. We are currently negotiating, and expect to complete an increase to our credit facility to provide adequate cash to fund this acquisition and operating cash needs.

If the acquisition is not completed, we anticipate that cash flow from operations, cash on hand, and availability under our existing revolving credit facility will be adequate to fund our contractual obligations, planned store growth, capital expenditures and working capital requirements during the coming year.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We issue letters of credit to enhance the creditworthiness of our credit service customers seeking loans from unaffiliated lenders. The letters of credit assure the lenders that if borrowers default on the loans, we will pay the lenders, upon demand, the principal and accrued interest owed them by the borrowers plus any insufficient funds fee. We do not record on our balance sheet the loans related to our credit services as the loans are made by unaffiliated lenders. We do not consolidate the unaffiliated lenders' results with our results as we do not have any ownership interest in the lenders, do not exercise control over them and do not otherwise meet the criteria for consolidation as prescribed by FASB Financial Interpretation No. 46 regarding variable interest entities.

We include an allowance for Expected LOC Losses in "Accounts payable and other accrued expenses" on our balance sheet. At March 31, 2008, the allowance for Expected LOC Losses was \$1.2 million. At that date, our maximum exposure for losses on letters of credit, if all brokered loans defaulted and none was collected, was \$21.4 million. This amount includes principal, interest and insufficient funds fees.

We have no other off-balance sheet arrangements.

Seasonality

Historically, pawn service charges are highest in our fourth fiscal quarter (July through September) due to a higher average loan balance during the summer lending season. Merchandise sales are highest in the first and second fiscal quarters (October through March) due to the holiday season, jewelry sales surrounding Valentine's Day, and the impact of tax refunds in the United States. Jewelry scrapping sales are heavily influenced by the timing of decisions to scrap excess jewelry inventory. Jewelry scrapping sales generally are greatest during our fourth fiscal quarter (July through September) due to relatively low jewelry merchandise sales in that quarter.

Signature loan fees are highest in our fourth fiscal quarter (July through September) due to a higher average loan balance during the summer lending season. Signature loan bad debt, both in dollar terms and as a percentage of related fees, is highest in the third and fourth quarters, and lowest in the second quarter due primarily to the impact of tax refunds.

The net effect of these factors is that net revenues and net income typically are strongest in the fourth fiscal quarter and weakest in the third fiscal quarter. Our cash flow typically is greatest in the second fiscal quarter due to a high level of loan redemptions and sales in the income tax refund season.

Use of Estimates and Assumptions

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is based on our condensed consolidated financial statements. We prepared those statements according to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information. We must make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates and judgments, including those related to revenue recognition, inventory, allowance for losses on signature loans, long-lived and intangible assets, income taxes, contingencies and litigation. We base our estimates on historical experience, observable trends and other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances. We use this information to make judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ materially from the estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The following discussion about our market risk disclosures involves forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. We are exposed to market risk related to changes in foreign currency exchange rates and gold values. We also are exposed to regulatory risk in relation to our credit services, payday loans, and pawn operations. We do not use derivative financial instruments.

Our earnings and financial position may be affected by changes in gold values and the resulting impact on pawn lending and jewelry sales. The proceeds of scrap sales and our ability to sell excess jewelry inventory at an acceptable margin depend on gold values. The impact on our financial position and results of operations of a hypothetical change in gold values cannot be reasonably estimated. For further discussion, you should read "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2007.

Our earnings and financial position are affected by foreign exchange rate fluctuations related to our equity investment in A&B. A&B's functional currency is the U.K. pound. The impact on our results of operations and financial position of a hypothetical change in the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and the U.K. pound cannot be reasonably estimated due to the interrelationship of operating results and exchange rates. The translation adjustment representing the weakening in the U.K. pound during the quarter ended December 31, 2007 (included in our March 31, 2008 results on a three-month lag as described above) was a \$390,000 decrease, net of tax effect, to stockholders' equity. On March 31, 2008, the U.K. pound weakened to £1.00 to \$1.9951 U.S. from \$1.9973 U.S. at December 31, 2007.

Similar to the discussion above regarding the U.K. pound, fluctuations in the exchange rate for the Mexican peso also affect our earnings and financial position due to our pawn operations in Mexico. The translation adjustment representing the strengthening of the Mexican peso during the current quarter was a \$281,000 increase to stockholders' equity.

We cannot assure the future valuation of the U.K. pound or Mexican peso or how further movements in them could affect our future earnings or financial position.

Forward-Looking Information

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. We intend that all forward-looking statements be subject to the safe harbors created by these laws. All statements other than statements of historical information are forward-looking and may contain information about financial results, economic conditions, trends, planned store openings, acquisitions and known uncertainties. These statements are often, but not always, made with words or phrases like "may," "should," "could," "predict," "potential," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "seek," "estimate," "intend," "plan," "projection," "outlook," "expect," "will," and similar expressions. All forward-looking statements are based on current expectations regarding important risk factors. Many of these risks and uncertainties are beyond our control, and in many cases, we cannot predict all of the risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements, and you should not regard them as a representation that the expected results will be achieved. Important risk factors that could cause results or events to differ from current expectations are described in Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," of this Quarterly Report and in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2007. These factors are not intended to be an all-encompassing list of risks and uncertainties that may affect our operations, performance, development and results. You are cautioned not to overly rely on these forward-looking statements, which are current only as of the date of this report. We undertake no obligation to release publicly the results of any revisions to these forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this report, including without limitation, changes in our business strategy or planned capital expenditures, acquisitions, store growth plans or to reflect unanticipated events.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of March 31, 2008. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of March 31, 2008, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include those controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

(b) Changes in Internal Controls

There were no changes in our internal controls that occurred during the last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

We anticipate making certain internal control changes in our pawn operations in Mexico as a result of acquiring 20 pawn stores in Mexico on October 22, 2007. These control changes will be made to subject our Mexican operations to the same or similar controls as currently utilized in the remainder of our operations and accounting, including transitioning the acquired stores to utilizing our existing general ledger ERP system and ensuring their compliance with U.S. GAAP. This transition will be made within one year of the October 22, 2007 acquisition date. Our Mexican operations comprised approximately two percent of our total revenues in the quarter ended March 31, 2008, and approximately seven percent of our total assets at March 31, 2008.

PART II

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

See Note F, “Contingencies,” in the Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in this filing.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Important risk factors that could cause results or events to differ from current expectations are described in Part I, Item 1A, “Risk Factors” of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2007. These factors are supplemented by those discussed under “Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk” in Part I, Item 3 of this report and in Part II, Item 7A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2007, and in the following item:

•**If we are unable to negotiate an increase to our credit facility or find alternate funding sources, we may be unable to complete our planned acquisition of Value Financial Services, Inc.** Pending completion of our due diligence, we plan to acquire up to 100%, but not less than 70%, of the equity ownership of Value Financial Services, Inc. for approximately \$100 million. On April 28, 2008, we amended the agreement to extend the due diligence period to May 13, 2008 and the expected closing date to June 26, 2008, among other related changes. If the acquisition is completed, our cash on hand and availability under our current credit facility will be inadequate to fund the acquisition and other operating cash needs. We currently are negotiating an increase to our credit facility to provide adequate cash to fund this acquisition and operating cash needs. If we are unsuccessful in negotiating an increase to our credit facility, we will need to secure other sources of funding to complete the acquisition, or may be unable to complete the acquisition.

Item 6. Exhibits

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
10.1	Stock purchase agreement dated March 2008 regarding Value Financial Services, Inc.
10.2	Amendment No. 1 to stock purchase agreement dated March 2008 regarding Value Financial Services, Inc.
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

EZCORP, INC.
(Registrant)

Date: May 5, 2008

By:/s/ DAN N. TONISSEN
(Signature)

Dan N. Tonissen
Senior Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer &
Director

EXHIBIT INDEX

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
10.1	Stock purchase agreement dated March 2008 regarding Value Financial Services, Inc.
10.2	Amendment No. 1 to stock purchase agreement dated March 2008 regarding Value Financial Services, Inc.
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

THIS STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT (this "Agreement"), dated March ____, 2008, is made by and between EZPAWN Florida, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Buyer") and Value Financial Services, Inc., a Florida corporation, (the "Company").

RECITALS:

WHEREAS, the Buyer desires to purchase shares of common stock of the Company upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth; and

WHEREAS, the Company desires to sell the Buyer shares of its common stock upon the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises herein made, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Buyer and the Company agree as follows:

1. **Definitions.** For purposes of this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below and any derivatives of the terms shall have correlative meanings:

"Credit Facility" shall mean the \$37 million financing arrangement between the Company and Fifth Third Bank, dated June 15, 2007.

"Contracts" shall mean, collectively, all oral and written contracts, agreements, instruments, documents, leases, indentures, insurance policies, undertakings or other obligations.

"Disclosure Schedule" shall mean the disclosure schedule attached hereto and incorporated herein, delivered by the Company to the Buyer as soon as practicable after the execution of this Agreement.

"Due Diligence Investigation" shall mean Buyer's investigation and review of the Company's assets, Contracts, projects, Disclosure Schedules, Financial Statements, Licenses, other books and records of account, interviews with officers, management, and customers, and such other information as may be exchanged by the parties for purposes of effectuating this Agreement.

"Financial Statements" shall mean, collectively, the audited financial statements (including balance sheets and statement of earnings, stockholders' equity and cash flow) of the Company for each of its fiscal years ending December 31, 2004, through and including December 31, 2006, and the unaudited financial statements (including balance sheets and statement of earnings, stockholders' equity and cash flow) of the Company for its fiscal year ending December 31, 2007.

"Governmental Authority" shall mean the government of the United States or any foreign jurisdiction, any state, county, municipality or other governmental or quasi governmental unit, or any agency, board, bureau, instrumentality, department or commission (including any court or other tribunal) of any of the foregoing and any body exercising or entitled to exercise any administrative, executive, judicial, legislative, police, regulatory or taxing authority of any nature whatsoever.

"Hart-Scott-Rodino Act" shall mean the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended.

"Knowledge" shall mean that an individual:

- (1) is actually aware of such fact or other matter, or

(2) a prudent individual in the position of the Company could be expected to discover or otherwise become aware of such fact or other matter in the course of conducting a reasonable investigation concerning the existence of such fact or other matter.

A Person other than an individual will be deemed to have "Knowledge" of a particular fact or matter if any individual who is serving, or who has at any time served, as a director, officer, partner, executor, or trustee of such Person (or in any similar capacity) has, or at any time had, Knowledge of such fact or matter.

"Laws" shall mean, collectively, all federal, state, local, municipal, foreign or international constitutions, laws, statutes, ordinances, rules, regulations, codes, or principles of common law.

"Leases" shall mean, collectively, leases, contracts, agreements and other documents providing the Company with a right to use specified real and/or personal property.

"Licenses" shall mean, collectively, governmental, regulatory, administrative and non governmental licenses, permits, approvals, certifications, accreditations, notices and other authorizations.

"Material Adverse Change" or "Material Adverse Effect" shall mean any materially adverse change in or effect on the financial condition, business, operations, assets, properties or results of operations of the Company; *provided, however*, that none of the following shall be deemed to have caused, constitute, or be taken into account in determining whether there has been a Material Adverse Change or Material Adverse Effect: (1) any change or effect arising from or relating to: (a) financial, banking or securities markets (including any disruption thereof and any decline in the price of any security or any market index); (b) changes in United States generally accepted accounting principles; (c) changes in the Company's general industry or the economy of the U.S. as a whole; and (d) adverse changes or effects arising from the announcement or consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby; (2) any change or effect in the Ordinary Course; and (3) any change or effect that is cured before the earlier of (a) the Closing Date and/or (b) the date on which this Agreement is terminated pursuant to Section 9.

"Orders" shall mean all decisions, injunctions, writs, guidelines, orders, arbitrations, awards, judgments, subpoenas, verdicts or decrees entered, issued, made or rendered by any Governmental Authority.

"Ordinary Course" shall mean the ordinary course of the Company's business, consistent with the past practices of the Company.

"Person" shall mean any individual, corporation (including any non-profit corporation), general or limited partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, estate, trust, association, organization, labor union, or other entity or Governmental Authority.

2. Sale and Purchase of Common Stock; Hart-Scott-Rodino.

2.1 Sale and Purchase. Upon the terms and subject to the conditions of this Agreement, at Closing, the Company shall sell, transfer, convey and deliver to the Buyer, and the Buyer shall acquire, purchase and accept from the Company, up to 6,646,359 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of the Company (the "Shares") including all shares of common stock issuable on the conversion of other classes and series of Capital Stock to Common Stock and exercise of any convertible securities, and representing up to one hundred percent (100%) of the Company's voting securities.

2.2 Hart-Scott-Rodino. The Buyer and the Company will file any Notification and Report Forms and related material that it may be required to file with the Federal Trade Commission and the Antitrust Division of the United States Department of Justice under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act, will use its commercially reasonable efforts to obtain an early termination of the applicable waiting period, and will make any further filings pursuant thereto that may be necessary, proper, or advisable in connection therewith. The fees and expenses of any such filing shall be borne 50% by the Buyer and 50% by the Company.

3. Purchase Price; Payment; Closing.

3.1 **Purchase Price; Payment.** The purchase price to be paid by the Buyer to the Company for the Shares shall be \$11.00 per share (the "Purchase Price"). The Buyer shall cause the Purchase Price to be paid on the Closing Date by certified check or wire transfer of immediately available funds to an account which shall have been designated by the Company at least three business days prior to Closing.

3.2 **Closing.** The closing of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement ("Closing") shall be held at the principal office of Greenberg Traurig, P.A. in Orlando, Florida, commencing at 10:00 A.M., local time, on April 30, 2008, or at such other time and place as the Company and the Buyer mutually agree (the "Closing Date"). The Closing shall be effective as of 12:01 a.m. on the Closing Date. At Closing, delivery of the Shares, endorsed in blank for transfer, shall be made to the Buyer against payment therefore, by check or by wire transfer of immediately available funds. The Company shall promptly record the transfer of the Shares on the share records of the Company and deliver new share certificates for the Shares to the Buyer.

3.3 **Conduct Pending Closing.** From the date that the Buyer delivers written notice to the Company that it has completed its due diligence investigation of the Company and desires to proceed with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement pursuant to Section 8.7 below until Closing, the Company will conduct its business only in the Ordinary Course unless otherwise expressly agreed by the Buyer in writing; provided, that from the date of execution of this Agreement, the Company shall promptly inform the Buyer of business operations outside the Ordinary Course.

4. **Representations and Warranties by the Company.** The Company represents and warrants that, except as set forth in the Disclosure Schedule, which Disclosure Schedule shall be deemed to be representations and warranties as if made hereunder (which Disclosure Schedule shall be delivered to the Buyer within ten (10) days after execution of this Agreement and which shall make explicit reference to the particular representation or warranty as to which exception is taken, which in each case shall constitute the sole representation and warranty as to which such exception shall apply):

4.1 **Enforceability.** The Company has all necessary power and authority to enter into and consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement in accordance with its terms. This Agreement is a valid and binding obligation of the Company, enforceable against it in accordance with its terms.

4.2 **Organization and Qualification.** The Company is a corporation duly organized and validly existing under the Laws of the State of Florida. The Company is qualified to transact business as a domestic or foreign corporation or organization in every jurisdiction where the failure to so qualify would have a Material Adverse Effect.

4.3 **Conflicting Obligations on Execution.** The execution and delivery of this Agreement do not: (a) conflict with or violate any provisions of, or result in the maturation or acceleration of, any obligations under any Contract, Order, License, Law or restriction to which the Company is subject or a party to the extent such conflict or violation has a Material Adverse Effect; or (b) violate any restriction or limitation, or result in the termination, or loss of any right (or give any third party the right to cause such termination or loss), of any kind to which they are bound or have to the extent such violation, termination or loss has a Material Adverse Effect, other than the Credit Facility and certain Leases.

4.4 **Capitalization.** The capitalization of the Company as set forth in the Investor Listing dated December 31, 2007 ("Cap Table") and delivered to the Buyer is complete and accurate as of the execution of this Agreement. There are no outstanding options, warrants, convertible securities or other rights to subscribe for or acquire any capital stock or securities convertible into capital stock of the Company, other than as set forth in the Cap Table. All capital stock has been issued in compliance with applicable federal and state securities Laws.

4.5 **Organizational Documents.** True, correct and complete copies of the articles of incorporation, by-laws and other organizational documents, as amended, of the Company have been delivered to the Buyer. Except as provided in this Agreement, there has been no change in the rights, preferences or other terms of the Company's capital stock since the filing of the Company's Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation with the Secretary of State of Florida on September 10, 2001.

4.6 Financial Statements. The Company has provided to the Buyer true and complete copies of the Company's audited Financial Statements for the previous three fiscal years, together with unaudited financial statements for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2007, and internally prepared supplemental notes concerning the status of the Company's assets and liabilities. The Company's Financial Statements and other books and records of account accurately reflect all of the assets, liabilities, transactions and results of operations of the Company, and the Financial Statements have been prepared based upon and in conformity therewith. The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles maintained and applied on a consistent basis throughout the indicated periods, and fairly present the financial condition and results of operation of the Company at the dates and for the relevant periods indicated, except that interim unaudited Financial Statements do not include footnotes and certain financial presentations normally required under generally accepted accounting principles. At least 15 days prior to Closing, the Company shall provide to the Buyer audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007, which financial statements shall have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the immediately preceding sentence of this Section.

4.7 Licenses. The Company possesses all Licenses as are necessary for the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or the conduct of its business or operations where the failure to have such License would have a Material Adverse Effect. Neither the execution of this Agreement nor the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby will result in the revocation, or an adverse change in the terms or conditions, of any of the Licenses, to the extent such revocation or adverse change has a Material Adverse Effect, and all Licenses shall continue in full force and effect in accordance with their present terms unaffected by the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby.

4.8 Litigation. There are no claims, lawsuits, actions, arbitrations or other proceedings or governmental investigations (collectively, "Claims") pending with respect to this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby. The Company has not received written notice of any Claims, which would have a Material Adverse Effect, pending or against the Company or any of its officers, directors, employees or affiliates involving, affecting or relating to the Company or the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, nor have any such matters been threatened against the Company. There are no outstanding judgments, orders, injunctions, decrees, stipulations or awards (whether rendered by a court or administrative agency, or by arbitration) regarding the Company.

4.9 Compliance With Law. To the Knowledge of the Company, the conduct of the Company's business does not violate, and the Company is not in default under, any Law or Order.

4.10 Brokerage. The Company has not incurred, nor made commitment for, any brokerage, finder's or similar fee in connection with the transaction contemplated by this Agreement, other than to Stephens Inc.

4.11 No Material Adverse Change. Since December 31, 2007, there has not been any Material Adverse Effect, and no event has occurred or circumstance exists that may result in a Material Adverse Effect.

4.12 Representations and Warranties True and Correct. The representations and warranties contained herein, and all other documents, certifications, materials and written statements or information given to the Buyer by or on behalf of the Company or disclosed on the Disclosure Schedule, do not include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated herein or therein in order to make the statements herein or therein, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading.

5. **Buyer's Representations and Warranties.** The Buyer represents and warrants that:

5.1 Organization. The Buyer is a corporation duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the State of Delaware.

5.2 Enforceability; Conflicting Obligations. This Agreement and all other agreements of the Buyer contemplated hereby are or, upon the execution thereof, will be the valid and binding obligations of the Buyer enforceable against it in accordance with their terms. The execution and delivery of this Agreement do not, and the consummation of the purchase of the Shares will not, conflict with or violate any provision of the articles of organization of the Buyer, nor any provisions of, or result in the acceleration of, any obligation of the Buyer.

5.3 Authorization. The Buyer has all necessary corporate power and authority to enter into and perform the transactions contemplated herein in accordance with the terms and conditions hereof. The execution and delivery of this Agreement, and the performance by the Buyer of its obligations contained herein, have been duly approved by the Buyer.

5.4 Brokerage. The Buyer has not incurred, nor made commitment for, any brokerage, finder's or similar fee in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

5.5 Litigation. There is no litigation, proceeding or governmental investigation pending, or to the Buyer's knowledge, threatened against or relating to the transactions contemplated herein.

5.6 Representations and Warranties True and Correct. The representations and warranties contained herein, and all other documents, certifications, materials and written statements or information given to the Company by or on behalf of the Buyer or disclosed on the Disclosure Schedule, do not include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated herein or therein in order to make the statements herein or therein, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading.

6. Tender Offer.

6.1 The Company covenants that within 60 days after the date of this Agreement, the Company will make a cash tender offer to its shareholders to purchase up to 6,646,369 shares of its issued and outstanding capital stock ("Capital Stock"), which number of shares includes all shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of all other classes of Capital Stock to common stock ("Tender Offer"). The Tender Offer shall be for a purchase price of \$11.00 per share.

6.2 The Tender Offer will be conducted in compliance with federal and state laws, including the provisions of Regulation 14E promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

7. Conditions Precedent to Buyer's Obligation to Close. The obligation of the Buyer to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement shall be subject to the satisfaction and fulfillment of each of the following express conditions precedent prior to and on the Closing Date (any of which may be waived by Buyer, in whole or in part):

7.1 Tendered Shares. The shareholders of the Company shall have tendered to the Company for purchase at least seventy percent (70%) of the outstanding shares of Capital Stock, ("Tendered Shares"), including all shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of all other classes of Capital Stock to common stock.

7.2 Conversion of Capital Stock. Any shares of Capital Stock or convertible securities not tendered to the Company for purchase shall have been converted into shares of common stock of the Company.

7.3 Hart-Scott-Rodino. All applicable waiting periods (and any extensions thereof) under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act shall have expired or otherwise been terminated and the Company and the Buyer shall have received all authorizations, consents, and approvals of governments and governmental agencies.

7.4 Representation and Warranties. All the representations and warranties in this Agreement made by the Company (except those contained in Section 4.3) must be accurate in all material respects as of the Closing Date as if made on the Closing Date.

7.5 Performance of Covenants and Obligations. The Company shall have performed and complied with all of its covenants and obligations under this Agreement which are to be performed or complied with by it prior to or on the Closing Date.

7.6 Material Adverse Change. From and after the date of this Agreement and until the Closing Date, the Buyer shall have reasonably determined that there has been no Material Adverse Change.

7.7 Due Diligence Investigation. Buyer shall have completed to its satisfaction its due diligence investigation of the Company.

7.8 Consent. The Company shall have obtained every consent, approval, ratification, waiver or other authorization (“Consent”) necessary under any Contract, Order, License, Law or restriction to which the Company is subject or a party to the extent failure to obtain any such Consent would have a Material Adverse Effect as a result of the Closing and consummation of this Agreement.

8. Conditions to the Company's Obligation to Close. The obligation of the Company to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, including the Tender Offer, shall be subject to the satisfaction and fulfillment, prior to and on the Closing Date, except for the express condition precedent in Section 8.7 which must be satisfied and fulfilled in the time frame specified therein, of the following express conditions precedent (any of which may be waived by the Company, in whole or in part):

8.1 Representations and Warranties. All the representations and warranties in this Agreement made by the Buyer must be accurate in all material respects as of the Closing Date as if made on the Closing Date.

8.2 Performance of Covenants and Obligations. The Buyer shall have performed and complied with all of its material covenants and obligations under this Agreement which are to be performed or complied with by it prior to or on the Closing Date.

8.3 Payment of Purchase Price. The Buyer shall have caused the payments to be made as described in Section 2 hereof.

8.4 Fairness Opinion. The Company shall have received a fairness opinion from a third party as to this Agreement and the terms hereof, including the proposed tender offer by the company to its shareholders.

8.5 Board Approval. The Company's Board of Directors shall have approved the execution and delivery of this Agreement and recommended to the Company's shareholders that the transactions contemplated herein be approved.

8.6 Shareholder Approval. A majority of each series of capital stock of the Company shall have approved the conversion of such shares into common stock of the Company prior to the commencement of the cash tender offer to its shareholders.

8.7 Due Diligence. Buyer shall have provided written notice to the Company within 45 days after execution of this Agreement that it has completed the due Diligence Investigation and desires to proceed with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

8.8 Tendered Shares. The shareholders of the Company shall have tendered to the Company for purchase the Tendered Shares.

8.9 Hart-Scott-Rodino. All applicable waiting periods (and any extensions thereof) under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Act shall have expired or otherwise been terminated and the Company and the Buyer shall have received all authorizations, consents, and approvals of governments and governmental agencies.

9. Termination.

9.1 Termination Events. This Agreement may, by written notice given prior to or at Closing, be terminated:

(a) By either the Buyer or the Company if a material breach of any provision of this Agreement has been committed by the other party and such breach has not been waived;

(b) (1) by the Buyer if any of the conditions in Section 7 have not been satisfied as of the Closing Date, or if, prior to that time, satisfaction of a condition is or becomes impossible (unless the

failure to satisfy the condition results primarily from the Buyer itself breaching any representation, warranty, or covenant contained in this Agreement) and Buyer has not waived such condition on or before the Closing Date; or (2) by the Company if any of the conditions in Section 8 have not been satisfied as of the Closing Date, or if, prior to that time, satisfaction of a condition is or becomes impossible (unless the failure to satisfy the condition results primarily from the Company breaching any representation, warranty, or covenant contained in this Agreement) and the Company has not waived such condition on or before the Closing Date;

- (c) by the Buyer for any reason within 45 days after execution of this Agreement;
- (d) by the Company if the Buyer hasn't provided written notice to the Company within 45 days after execution of this Agreement that it desires to proceed with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement;
- (e) by mutual consent of the Buyer and the Company; and
- (f) by either the Buyer or the Company if the Closing has not occurred (other than through the failure of any party seeking to terminate this Agreement to comply fully with its obligations under this Agreement) on or before May 31, 2008, or such later date as the parties may agree upon.

10. Indemnification.

10.1 Survival of Representations. All covenants and obligations in this Agreement and the Disclosure Schedule shall survive the Closing for a period of one year. The right to indemnification, payment of damages or any other remedy based on such representations, warranties, covenants and obligations will not be affected by any investigation conducted with respect to, or any Knowledge acquired (or capable of being acquired) at any time, whether before or after the execution and delivery of this Agreement or the Closing Date, with respect to the accuracy or inaccuracy of or compliance with, any such representation, warranty, covenant, or obligation. The waiver of any condition based on the accuracy of any representation or warranty, or on the performance of or compliance with any covenant or obligation, will not affect the right to indemnification, payment of damages, or other remedy based on such representations, warranties, covenants, and obligations.

10.2 Indemnification.

(a) The Company will indemnify and hold harmless the Buyer for, and will pay to the Buyer the amount of, any loss liability, claim, damage, expense or deficiency including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and other costs and expenses from or in connection with:

(1) Any material breach of any representation or warranty made by the Company in this Agreement, the Disclosure Schedule and any other certificate or document delivered by the Company pursuant to this Agreement; or

(2) Any material breach by the Company of any covenant or obligation of the Company in this Agreement.

(b) The Buyer will indemnify and hold harmless the Company for, and will pay to the Company the amount of, any loss, liability, claim, damage, expense or deficiency including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and other costs and expenses from or in connection with:

(1) Any material breach of any representation or warranty made by the Buyer in this Agreement and any other certificate or document delivered by Buyer pursuant to the Agreement; or

(2) Any material breach by the Buyer of any covenant or obligation of the Buyer in this Agreement.

11. Miscellaneous.

11.1 Further Assurances. Each party hereto from time to time hereafter, and upon request, shall execute, acknowledge and deliver such other instruments as reasonably may be required to more effectively carry out the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

11.2 Cooperation in Due Diligence Investigation; Obtaining Consents. The Company covenants that it will cooperate in the Due Diligence Investigation by making available to the Buyer, during normal business hours and at the Company's business locations or such other location as is mutually agreed between the parties, all information reasonably requested by the Buyer relating to the Company, its assets, liabilities and operations. The Company covenants that it will use its best commercial efforts to obtain any Consent which is a condition of Closing under Section 7.8.

11.3 Benefit and Assignment. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto, their heirs, successors, assignees, and beneficiaries in interest. The Buyer may assign this Agreement only to affiliates that are 100% owned by EZCORP, Inc., EZPAWN Florida, Inc., or another 100% owned subsidiary of EZCORP, Inc.

11.4 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the internal Laws of the State of Delaware (regardless of its conflict of laws principles), and without reference to any rules of construction regarding the party responsible for the drafting hereof.

11.5 Expenses. Except as otherwise herein provided, all expenses and costs incurred in connection with this Agreement or the transactions herein provided for shall be paid by the party incurring such expenses and costs.

11.6 Notices. All notices, demands, and communications provided for herein or made hereunder shall be given in writing and shall be deemed given to a party at the earlier of (a) when actually delivered to such party; (b) when facsimile transmitted to such party to the facsimile number indicated for such party below (or to such other facsimile number for a party as such party may have substituted by notice pursuant to this Section); or (c) when mailed to such party by registered or certified U.S. Mail (return receipt requested) or sent by overnight courier, confirmed by receipt, and addressed to such party at the address designated below for such party (or to such other address for such party as such party may have substituted by notice pursuant to this Section):

If to the Buyer: EZPAWN Florida, Inc.
Attention: Connie Kondik, General Counsel
1901 Capital Parkway
Austin, Texas 78746
Fax: (512) 314-3463

With a copy to: Lee Polson, Esq.
Strasburger & Price, LLP
600 Congress Avenue, Suite 1600
Austin, Texas 78701
Fax: (512) 536-5719

If to the Company: Value Financial Services, Inc.
1063 Maitland Center Commons Blvd.
Suite 200
Orlando, Florida 32751
Fax: (407) 339-6608

With a copy to: Jeffery Bahnsen, Esq.
Greenberg Traurig, P.A.
5100 Town Center Circle, Suite 400
Boca Raton, FL 33486
Fax: (561) 367-6250

11.7 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed simultaneously in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument, provided that all such counterparts, in the aggregate, shall contain the signatures of all parties hereto.

11.8 Headings. All Section headings herein are inserted for convenience only and shall not modify or affect the construction or interpretation of any provision of this Agreement.

11.9 Amendment, Modification and Waiver. This Agreement may not be modified, amended or supplemented except by mutual written agreement of the Buyer and the Company. Both the Buyer and the Company may waive in writing any term or condition contained in this Agreement and intended to be for its benefit; provided, however, that no waiver by either party, whether by conduct or otherwise, in any one or more instances, shall be deemed or construed as a further or continuing waiver of any such term or condition.

11.10 Entire Agreement. This Agreement, any Exhibit attached hereto, and the Disclosure Schedule represent the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede and replace any prior understandings and agreements with respect to the subject matter hereof and no provision or document of any kind shall be included in or form a part of such agreement unless signed and delivered to the other party by the party to be charged.

11.11 Third Party Beneficiaries. No third parties are intended to benefit from this Agreement, and no third party beneficiary rights shall be implied from anything contained in this Agreement.

11.12 Exclusive Dealing. During the period from the date of this Agreement through 45 days after execution of this Agreement (or such earlier termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section 9 above), no director or officer of the Company, or any representative of such Person shall: (a) conduct or cause to be conducted negotiations with third parties regarding the sale or potential sale of the assets or capital stock of the Company; or (b) solicit the submission of proposals or offers from any Person, or otherwise cooperate in any way to facilitate or encourage such proposal by any Person or entity other than Buyer, relating to the sale or potential sale of the assets or capital stock of the Company.

[signatures on following page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Stock Purchase Agreement to be executed as of the date and year first above written.

EZPAWN Florida, Inc.

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

Value Financial Services, Inc.

By: _____

John Thedford, President and
Chief Executive Officer

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO
STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT**

THIS AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO THE STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT (the "Amendment") dated April 28, 2008, is made by and between EZPAWN Florida, Inc. a Delaware corporation (the "Buyer") and Value Financial Services, Inc., a Florida corporation (the "Company").

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Buyer and the Company executed and delivered that certain Stock Purchase Agreement on March 14, 2008, for the purchase and sale of up to 6,646,359 shares of common stock of the Company (the "Purchase Agreement");

WHEREAS, the Buyer and the Company desire to extend the deadline for completion of the Due Diligence Investigation and closing of the transaction;

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and the mutual promises herein made, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the Buyer and the Company agree as follows:

1. Definitions. Section 1 of the Purchase Agreement is amended by adding the following definition:

“Due Diligence End Date” shall mean 5:00 o’clock p.m. CDT on May 13, 2008.

2. Tender Offer. Section 6.1 of the Purchase Agreement is amended by deleting the existing language and inserting in its place the following:

The Company covenants that on or before May 19, 2008, the Company will make a cash tender offer to its shareholders to purchase up to 6,646,369 shares of its issued and outstanding capital stock ("Capital Stock"), which number of shares includes all shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of all other classes of Capital Stock to common stock ("Tender Offer"). The Tender Offer shall be for a purchase price of \$11.00 per share.

3. Closing. Section 3.2 of the Purchase Agreement is amended by deleting the words “April 30, 2008” and inserting in their place, “June 26, 2008.”
4. Due Diligence. Section 8.7 of the Purchase Agreement is amended by deleting the existing language and inserting in its place the following:

8.7 Due Diligence. Buyer shall have provided written notice to the Company prior to the Due Diligence End Date that it has completed the Due Diligence Investigation and desires to proceed with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

5. Termination.

- (a) Subsection 9.1(c) of the Purchase Agreement is amended by deleting the existing language and inserting in its place the following:

9.1(c) By the Buyer for any reason prior to the Due Diligence End Date;

- (b) Subsection 9.1(d) of the Purchase Agreement is amended by deleting the existing language and inserting in its place the following:

9.1(d) By the Company if the Buyer hasn’t provided written notice to the Company prior to the Due Diligence End Date that it desires to proceed with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement;

(c) Subsection 9.1(f) of the Purchase Agreement is amended by deleting the words, "May 31, 2008" and inserting in their place, "June 26, 2008".

6. Exclusive Dealing. Subsection 11.12 of the Purchase Agreement is amended by deleting the existing language and inserting in its place the following:

11.12 Exclusive Dealing. Prior to the Due Diligence End Date, (or such earlier termination of this Agreement pursuant to Section 9 above), no director or officer of the Company, or any representative of such Person shall: (a) conduct or cause to be conducted negotiations with third parties regarding the sale or potential sale of the assets or capital stock of the Company; or (b) solicit the submission of proposals or offers from any Person, or otherwise cooperate in any way to facilitate or encourage such proposal by any Person or entity other than Buyer, relating to the sale or potential sale of the assets or capital stock of the Company.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be executed as of the date and year first above written.

EZPAWN Florida, Inc.

By: _____
Daniel Tonissen, Senior Vice President
and Chief Financial Officer

Value Financial Services, Inc.

By: _____
Printed Name: _____
Its: _____

CERTIFICATION

I, Joseph L. Rotunda, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of EZCORP, Inc. (the "registrant") for the quarter ended March 31, 2008;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 5, 2008

/s/ Joseph L. Rotunda
Joseph L. Rotunda
President, Chief Executive Officer
& Director

CERTIFICATION

I, Dan N. Tonissen, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of EZCORP, Inc. (the "registrant") for the quarter ended March 31, 2008;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 5, 2008

/s/ Dan N. Tonissen
Dan N. Tonissen
Senior Vice President, Chief
Financial Officer & Director

Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the filing of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 (the "Report") by EZCORP, Inc. ("Registrant"), the undersigned hereby certifies that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Registrant.

Date: May 5, 2008

/s/ Joseph L. Rotunda
Joseph L. Rotunda
President, Chief Executive Officer
& Director

Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the filing of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 (the "Report") by EZCORP, Inc. ("Registrant"), the undersigned hereby certifies that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Registrant.

Date: May 5, 2008

/s/ Dan N. Tonissen

Dan N. Tonissen
Senior Vice President,
Chief Financial Officer &
Director